INSURANCE
All Indian companies have sent well in 1929.
I A

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR CHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913. REGD. NO. B. 1065

INSURANCE
The credit for this belongs to our people.
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ROYAL BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY.

VOL. XVIII NO. 155— BOMBAY: TUESDAY JULY 15, 1930. PRICE ONE ANNA

SARDAR REPUDIATES JAYAKAR'S LIBEL.

"Round Table Conference, A Moonshine."

MRS. HANSA MEHTA'S CALL TO BOMBAY CITIZENS.

Don't Trust Britain's Pledges Says A Parsi.

LAWYERS' PROCESSION.

The "Congress Week" was inaugurated in Bombay on Monday. A varied and intensive programme for enlisting members to the Congress has been chalked out by the B. P. C. C. whose slogan for the present is "Every Indian a Congressman".

Mrs. Hansa Mehta, the President of the "War Council", exhorted the citizens to join the Congress ranks. She condemned the attitude of the Liberals and Responsivists whom she characterised as weak-kneed and said that Round Table Conference was a moonshine.

A lawyers' procession paraded the streets of Bombay, demonstrating their sympathy with the national movement. The procession was led by Mr. Balubhai T. Desai, Advocate, and was lustily cheered.

The "Congress Week" was inaugurated in Bombay on Monday. Over a thousand volunteers will take part in the actual celebrations commencing from Tuesday. A series of meetings will be held throughout the city with a view to popularise the Congress programme of Civil Disobedience.

The Office of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee is busy issuing Congress membership books to volunteers. During the week the volunteers hope to enlist at least two lakhs new Congress Members.

A house-to-house campaign of enrolling Congress members has been undertaken by each ward. The Boycott activities are also to be continued with greater vigour.

A dozen picked Congress Volunteers set out from Bombay on Monday night on a tour to Gujerat to preach no-tax campaign. Their immediate destination is Bulsar, a town in Surat District. After consulting the Congress authorities at Bulsar and studying the situation first-hand, the volunteers will go into the neighbouring villages to intensify the Movement.

A Village Propaganda Committee appointed by the B. P. C. C. is in charge of the work. More than five hundred volunteers are being trained and will be sent out in villages for propaganda work throughout the Presidency.

CONGRESS WEEK IN BOMBAY.

A mammoth meeting was held on Monday evening at the Azad Maidan to inauguarate the Congress Week. Despite inclement weather thousands of men and women attended the meeting. Mrs. Hansa Mehta, the president of the "War Council" presided. A number of speakers exhorted the audience to make the "Congress Week" a success by enlisting at least one lakh of men and women in the city as Congress members.

MRS. HANSA MEHTA SPEAKS.

Mrs. Hansa Mehta in her speech said:—

As you are all aware, we have met this evening in this Azad Maidan to inaugurate the "Congress Week." The Government have thrown out a challenge by declaring the Working Committee of the All-India Congress Committee illegal and by closing the doors of the Swaraj Bhuvan of Allahabad. His Excellency the Viceroy has further insulted the whole nation by inviting the Liberals as well as the Congressmen to the Round Table Conference under terms and conditions which no self-respecting nation could ever accept.

SARDAR'S CALL TO NATION.

As Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel, the President of the Congress has stated in the Press—and it now transpires, his message has been held up for two days by the Ahmedabad Telegraphic authorities: —"Lord Irwin's statement makes it perfectly plain that India can be offered only what the spokesmen of Britain 'agree' to give as a result of argument and discussion in London" and that "I have no doubt that those who go to the Round Table Conference will in due time, be completely disillusioned."

He has appealed to all Congress Committees and workers and the general public to carry on the fight for freedom to the finish. This fight requires men, money and "munitions" and we in Bombay are celebrating this 'Congress Week' with a view to add to our man power and enrol at least a lakh of men and women in the Congress ranks.

OUR WEEK-KNEED COUNTRYMEN.

The chorus of applause with which our week-keed Liberal and Aesponsivist friends have greeted the Viceroy's statement has been designed to create an artificial atmosphere for the holding of the Round Table Conference and for inveighing all other soft-brained persons into the net of British diplomacy. It is, however, gratifying to note that our movement has not only not been weakened by this sedulous and seductive tactics but is every day having an accession of strength from all and some unexpected quarters.

BOMBAY BUSINESSMEN'S LEAD.

I must sincerely congratulate the shrewd and businesslike merchants of Bombay who have been supporting our movement so splendidly with men and money all these months and who have now unhesitatingly condemned the Viceregal declaration as unsatisfactory and have told the Bureaucrats of Simla in plain terms that no Round Table Conference or Square Table Conference would be acceptable without Mahatmaji's presence and that those individuals like Mr. Jinnah, Mr. Jayakar and others who

(Continued on page 5.)

CONGRESS WEEK IN BOMBAY.

—:o:—

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.

The following is the programme for to-day in connection with the "Congress Week" as decided by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee:—

Ward.	Meeting Place.	Time.
"A"	Dwarkadas Lane.	9 p.m.
"B"	Kharek Bazar	8-30 p.m.
"F"	K. E. M. Hospital Maidan, Parel	8 p.m.
"G"	De Lisle Road	9 p.m.

B. P. C. C.'s NEW PRESIDENT.

Mrs. Hansa Mehta, the new president of the War Council addressing a huge meeting at Azad Maidan

SECTION 144 DEFIED IN MADRAS.

—o—

Beach Meeting Dispersed By Police.

SEVERAL PERSONS INJURED.

MADRAS, July 14.

Two arrests were made last evening for defying the order under Section 144. At the High Court beach the arrested persons addressed a public meeting and the Police dispersed the meeting and charged the crowd, resulting in several persons getting injured.

Seven volunteers were sentenced at Coimbatore for picketing in defiance of order under Section 144.

Two arrests were made at Arni for defying order under Section 144.—Free Press.

Two Arrests At Trichy.

TRICHINOPOLY, July 14.

Two arrests were made at Trichinopoly for picketing.—Free Press

Latest News

GANDHI CAP FOR BENN IN COMMONS.

LONDON, July 14.

Gandhi cap was worn in the House of Commons after Mr. Brockway had asked whether the wearing of Gandhi cap was prohibited in India.

Mr. Benn replied that beyond the Press reports he had no information except that the wearing of Congress emblems was forbidden during the martial law in Sholapur.

Mr. Brockway suggested that it had been officially prohibited in Guntur District.

Mr. Benn said he had seen references in the Press, but he had no other information.

Mr. Brockway offered to supply Mr. Benn with original copy of the order and having asked if the wearing of a simple cap endangered the British administration in India he drew out a Gandhi cap and amid cries of "put it on" and ironical cheers he stood up and donned the cap.

Mr. Thurtle suggested the representations to the Government of India that the prohibition of Gandhi cap was unnecessary.

There was no answer.—Reuter.

MEDLEY OF VIEWS ON RESOLUTION TO RELEASE MAHATMA.

— THE RUMP AT WORK IN POONA.

Bombay Govt. Oppose Inquiry Into Sholapur Affair.

POONA, July 14.

Replying to Mr. Kambli Sir E. Hotson said the Bombay Government was not invited to submit recommendations for the personnel of the Round Table Conference. The debate was resumed on the resolution to release Mahatma Gandhi. Sir S. N. Bhutto said Muslims had not yet lost confidence that Mahatma Gandhi could restore peace and bring unity but owing to Muslim's difficult position the Muslims of the Bombay Council had decided to remain neutral and not to vote.

"GANDHI—ORIGINATOR OF DISASTROUS MOVEMENT."

Sardar Modi moved an amendment adding a proviso that Mahatma Gandhi call off the Civil Disobedience movement immediately. Khan Bahadur Chahewalla of Ahmedabad supported the amendment stating there were no signs now of calling off Disobedience—so necessary to the success of the London Conference. It was necessary to change the hearts of the leaders of the movement. Mr. Gandhi was a great worker and reformer but also the originator of a disastrous conflagration.

Mr. Kharbari said release now means sacrificing Mahatma Gandhi on the altar of violence and nothing less than an insult.

GANDHI'S TERMS ANTICIPATED VICEROY'S!

Mr. Talyarkhan moved an amendment substituting the phrase "offer release to enable him to consider calling off the movement and participate in the Conference." The mover suggested the latest Viceregal announcement was almost equal to the terms laid down by Mahatma Gandhi months ago.

Mr. Talyarkhan said the success of the London Conference was dependent on unity and Mr. Gandhi is the best man to produce it and also to call a truce while deciding.

Mr. Wallace of the European Association said speakers failed to realise that Mahatma Gandhi was not actuated by self-interests and therefore it was probable that other leaders not so ideal might prevail over him making the object of his release futile. He appealed to Indian businessmen to come out and say plainly that they did not support a campaign causing enormous distress to the commercial community.

SIR VASANTRAO'S LIP-SYMPATHY.

Sir Vasantrao Dabholkar reminded the Council of Mahatma Gandhi's oath not to budge from his policy till India gets Swaraj. Therefore the resolution was an insult to Mahatma Gandhi. He was twitted by the mover and members supporting the resolution that clad in foreign cloth as he was, he was showing only lip-sympathy. Real sympathy was manifested in going to jail and also by bringing a resolution urging Government to grant Mahatma Gandhi's desires for India. The whole debate was farcical, speeches being only vote-catching for forthcoming election. Suddenly the mover announced his intention of withdrawing immediately prior to Home Member's reply.—A. P.

NO INQUIRY INTO SHOLAPUR AFFAIR.

—:o:—

Resolution Lost In Bombay Council.

Rao Bahadur Kale moved a resolution urging an enquiry committee into Sholapur affair with a High Court Judge presiding. He objected first to the introduction of martial law and considered it unnecessary for the prolongation of the operation martial law before Simla authorised it and thirdly the martial law sentences according to him were too heavy. He stated that Seth Manekchand Shah's conviction as the president of the municipality was largely the result of the working of party feelings. The resolution also asked that the execution of the death sentence be postponed pending the enquiry.

Mr. Abdul Latif of Sholapur surveyed the activities of the agitators for the last few months and how organised khaddar and national flag volunteers carried their work and also gave graphic account of the high tension Proceeding the speaker thought that the enquiry unnecessary and was lible to cause harm.

Mr. R. G. Pradhan supported the resolution on the grounds that the facts were demanded and contradictory stories we afloat. He declared that the Collector had not shown courage and lost nerve thus inciting the mob to violence.

Mr. Knight Collector of Sholapur, vindicated the official action and gave full account with details. He defenced the sepoy's action and declared no one shot was fired from revolvers or anything except the regulation ammunition. He assured the Council that now they were investigating everything and appealed full assistance of every member to supply the facts. Sir F. Hotson vehemently defended Govt. officers against Mr. Pradhan's charges of cowardice and also exposed legal impossibility of the proposed committee.

The Governor being indisposed the political leaders conference who postponed till Wednesday.—A. P.

India's Right To Independence Recognised.

I. L. P. CONDEMNS LABOUR'S REPRESSIVE POLICY.

RELEASE OF POLITICAL PRISONERS DEMANDED.

LONDON, July 13.

The National Council of the Independent Labour Party at a meeting in London has passed a resolution condemning the repressive policy of the Government in India, recognising the right of the Indian people to self-Government and independence and calling on the Labour Government to release all political prisoners in India and to negotiate settlement with the Indian Representatives on the basis of full responsible Government.—Reuter.

DR. BESANT SPEAKS OUT.

—:o:—

Conditions Of Conference.

LONDON, July 11.

At the Commonwealth of India League Conference Essex Hall, Mr. Marley, M.P., Chairman, said they hoped to create in London sufficient public opinion to make a representative conference possible, but a successful conference could not be expected unless an amnesty was declared and the real Indian leaders present. If freedom was not given India would take it.

Dr. Besat moved a resolution affirming India's right to be a fully self-governing Dominion by her own consent, expressing the hope that Government will pave the way for a representative conference, including the leaders of the Congress.

In a supplementary statement Dr. Besant says if India's demands are not quickly granted the cry for Independence would sweep the country. "We are to have a free conference, but Parliament must consent to its demand. The outlawry of the Congress must be annulled and its co-operation sought."

Diwan Chamanlal said under the present conditions no self-respecting Indian could be other than a rebel. India was determined that British exploitation should cease.

Mr. Beckett, M.P., in a searching arraignment of Labour policy, said the pass was sold when Labour members were appointed on the Commission. He denounced the unjust and interminable persecution of the Meerut prisoners and the awful consequences of Martial law.—"Hindu" Special Cable.

Naujivan In New Garb.

—:o:—

AHMEDABAD, July 13.

For the first time after 'Nuajivan' press was confiscated 'Naujivan' came out to-day in its new form, with two cyclo-styled pages. It was published by Mr. Mohanlal Bhatt who is already undergoing term of imprisonment in jail. It contained the translation of two messages from Vallabhbhai Patel and Jairamdas Doulatram which were published in "Young Inia" stating that "Young India" and "Naujivan' will continue publication inspite of the Ordinance. No. Ordinance could confiscate truth. long 'Young India' and 'Naujivan.' Jairamdas says that so long the hand of a single man is working and so long pen and papers are not confiscated, so long 'Young India' and 'Naujivan' shall be published.—Free Press.

Sardar Repudiates Jayakar's Libel.

—o—

Vallabhbhai Against Council Entry.

—:o:—

AHMEDABAD, July 14.

In connection with the statement made by Mr. Jayakar in the Legislative Assembly that Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel was advising Congressmen to contest the new elections, Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel says:—"I was amazed to read the statement of Mr. Jayakar. There is absolutely no truth in it, and I cannot understand how it has come to be made. My views against the Council entry are well known since 1921, and my experience of the last few years has only strongly confirmed me in those views."

ONE YEAR FOR DIWAN.

Mr. Jivanlal Diwan, Secretary, Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee, has been sentenced to one year's simple imprisonment in connection with a speech made by him at Dhandhuka. He has been recommended to be treated as an "A" Class prisoner.—A. P.

JAYAKAR AS PEACEMAKER!

—:o:—

Authorised To See Gandhiji

—:o:—

SIMLA, July 14.

A meeting of over forty members of the Nationalist, Independent and Swaraj Parties in the Assembly and a few members of the Council of State unanimously resolved authorising the Chairman of the meeting Mr. M. R. Jayakar to take such steps as he might think necessary to bring about an amicable settlement of the present impasse in the Indian political situation.—A. P.

Severe Sentences For Tinnevelly Satyagrahis.

TINNEVELY, July 14.

Eight persons were convicted to one year's imprisonment for refusing to furnish security demanded of them.—Free Press.

NON VIOLENCE IS OUR SHEET ANCHOR

SHIPPING

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA
(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND)
MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE

P. & O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH and LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES (CALLING AT MALTA EVERY ALTERNATE WEEK).

Date	Steamers.	Tons.
July		
19th	Naldera x	16,068
29th	Rawalpindi	16,619
Aug.		
2nd	Morea*	10,946
9th	Kaiser-i-Hind	11,518
16th	Narkunda x	16,572
23rd	Macedonia	11,120
30th	Rajputana*	16,568
Sept.		
6th	Ranpura	16,601
13th	Mooltan x	20,947
20th	Ranchi	16,300
27th	Mantua*	10,946
Oct.		
4th	Viceroy of India	19,648
11th	Comorin x	16,152
18th	Kaiser-i-Hind	11,518
25th	Razmak @	10,857
Nov.		
1st	Rajputana	16,568
8th	Naldera x	16,838
15th	Ranpura	16,601
22nd	Macedonia*	11,120
29th	Razmak	10,857
Dec.		
6th	Narkunda*	16,572
13th	Viceroy of India	19,648
20th	Rawalpindi	16,619
27th	Kaiser-i-Hind	11,518
1931		
Jany		
3rd	Mooltan x	20,593
10th	Rajputana	16,568
17th	Ranchi*	16,969
24th	Ranpura	13,611
31st	Maloja x	20,937
Feb.		
7th	Mantua	10,946
14th	Comorin*	15,132
21st	Viceroy of India	19,648
28th	Naldera x	16,089
Mar.		
7th	Kaiser-i-Hind (a)	11,518
14th	Razmak (b)	10,857
21st	Ranchi (a)	16,650
28th	Narkunda x	16,572
Apr.		
4th	Ranpura	16,601
9th	Moldavia xx	16,543
11th	Razmak	10,857
18th	Viceroy of India (a)	19,648
25th	Mooltan x	20,952
May		
2nd	Kaiser-i-Hind	11,518

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.

x Through from Australia.

*Through from China, with limited accommodation for passengers from India.

xxExtra steamer carrying 1st Saloon and 3rd cabin passengers.

(b) To Marseilles only.

(a) These steamers will call at Monaco after leaving Marseilles. Passengers can be booked to Monaco the fares being those in force between Bombay and Marseilles.

NEW REDUCED FARES FROM BOMBAY TO EUROPE TO LONDON.

1st Saloon.

	A	B	C	D
Single	£92	£82	£72	£62
Return	161	144	126	108

2nd Saloon.

	A	B
Single	£56	£50
Return	98	88

TO MARSEILLES.

1st Saloon.

	A	B	C	D
Single	£64	£74	£66	£58
Return	147	150	116	102

2nd Saloon

	A	B
Single	£52	£46
Return	91	81

SPECIAL SHORT SEASON RETURN TICKETS 1930.

1st and 2nd Saloon Return Tickets at Special Reduced Rates will be issued available for return to Bombay by "VICEROY OF INDIA" due 19th September 1930. The fares will be as follows:—

	1st Saloon	2nd. Saloon.
To London and back by Sea	£105	£75
To London and back with special train both ways	£120	£90
To Marseilles and back	£100	£72

NEW THIRD CLASS CABIN. FARES TO EUROPE.

	Single	Return
London	£30	£52
Marseilles	28	49

Return tickets home 3rd Cabin and out 1st or 2nd Saloon can be arranged.

OUTWARDS—OCTOBER 1931.

The "Strathnaver" a new steamer of 21,000 tons will call at Bombay on her Outward voyage in October next year carrying First Saloon and Third Cabin passengers.

SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS. BOMBAY TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT PORT SOUDAN, MALTA and/or TANGIER.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons.
20th Nov.	DUMANA	8,427
11th Dec.	DOMALA	8,422

These two vessels are "one class" ships. Fares as follows:—
Bombay to Plymouth.

	A	B	C
Single	£64	£60	£56
Return	£112	£105	£98

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Date about		
July		
18	Mooltan Alipore*	Colombo & Australia.
24		Straits, China & Japan
Aug.		
1	Mantua	Colombo, China & Japan.
15	Comorin	Colombo & Australia.
29	Malwa	Colombo, China & Japan.
Sept.		
12	Naldera	Colombo & Australia.
26	Morea	Colombo, China & Japan.
Oct.		
10	Narkunda	Colombo & Australia.
24	Rawalpindi.	Colombo, China & Japan.
Nov.		
7	Mooltan	Colombo & Australia.
21	Ranchi.	Colombo, China & Japan.
Dec.		
5	Maloja	Colombo & Australia.
19	Malwa	Colombo, China & Japan.

*Cargo only.

HOLIDAY EXCURSION TICKETS TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

Holiday Excursion Return Tickets can be issued in the First Saloon only. Period of availability 16 weeks, sailings approximately every month. Fares £74 to £100.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS. TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

Date about		
July		
16 th	Barpeta	K'chi & Persian Gulf Ports.
16 th	Khandalla	East and South Africa.
18th	Vita	Karachi, Bushir Mohammerah & Basrah.

Special 1st Saloon cheap Excursion return tickets to Mombasa for Rs. 500 May to September 1930.

There will be sailings to Karachi on Wednesdays, Thurs. Friday every week. The departure of the Karachi mail on Thursday or Friday is dependent upon the arrival of the inward English mail.

Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by Thurs. Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. & O. Mail Steamers or through passengers to Basrah.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage may be arranged with MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

Bombay Widows Pension Fund Ltd.
(Established 1876.)
23-28, Hummum Street, Fort, Above Messrs. Warden and Co.
Funded Capital Rs. 5,76,500.
Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.

Perfect economy in management. The supervision as to Rates Mortality, Investigation and Valuation was entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provisions for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 6 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. 80 per cent surrender value in case the wife pre-deceased. Twelve months' grade if occupation is lost.

25 per cent. Commission to Canvassers on first 12 months' subscription.

For details apply for a copy of rules to:—
GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI, Secretary and Treasurer.

SHIPPING.

N. Y. K. LINE

FOR SINGAPORE, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive	Leave
Asuta Maru	8000	....	1 15July
Kashima Maru	10000	....	22July
Tottori Maru	8973	17 July	23 July
Shidzuoka Maru	6270	25 July	31 Aug
Sakona Maru	10560	....	6 12 Aug
Suwa Maru	11950	....	6 26 Aug
Rangoon Maru	5089	1 Aug.	23 Aug
Fushimi Maru	11950	....	6 9 Sep
Tamba Maru	5845	29 Aug.	12 Sep

*Do not carry passengers.
(a) From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseilles
Tenyokai Maru	11006	22 July	6 Aug.
Hakusan Maru	16500	6 Aug.	24 Aug.
Haruna Maru	10500	20 Aug.	7 Sep.

FROM ORIENT TO SAN-FRANCISCO.

Steamers	Tons	From Hongkong	From Kobe
Chichibu Maru	20000	11 July	6 Aug.
Shinyo Maru	12000	13 Aug.	20 Aug.
Tatsuta Maru	22000	21 Aug.	27 Aug.

Others are Orient-Seattle South-american (East and West Coast) and Japan, Australia Services.
Reduced combined through fares.
Cheapest Round the World tour rates and other fares, full particulars on which are furnished on application to:
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Canada Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
'Phone No. 28279, 28732.
Telegrams:—"YUSEN."

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
O.S.K. Line
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN via SINGAPORE, HONGKONG & SHANGHAI.

Steamers.	Arrival.	Sayanna
Sumatra Maru	9th July	19th July
Burma Maru	25th July	2nd Aug.
Borneo Maru	8th Aug.	22nd Aug.
Shunko Maru	24th Aug.	7th Sept

For particulars apply to:—
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, LIMITED,
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Box No. 868.
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Rupee ONE for a Tin (32 Pills).
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
JAMNAGAR, (Kathiawar.)

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Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

Rupee ONE

For First Sixteen Words

and

ONE ANNA

For each Additional Word.
Terms:—CASH with Order.
INSTRUCTIONS.
The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No. ..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle", to be paid for.

Answers to Advertisements should be addressed as follows: Box Number .... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

Situations Vacant.

WANTED—An Experienced SHORT-HAND TYPIST. For an Attorneys Office. Apply Box No. 101, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R2009

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,—One first class examination passed foreman of Electricity. (One having contract license preferred) for Hyderabad Sindh. Apply to P. O. Box No. 706 ,Bombay.
A R2004

WANTED—CHIEF EXCISE and NAZUL OFFICER. Persons having practical experience of running Excise Departments in Indian States or British India need only apply. Salary up to Rs. 300, according to qualifications. Will be guided in all matters of leave, travelling allowance, security, pension, etc., by State Rules. Apply with photograph and copies of testimonials which will not be returned, and without which no applications will be considered, before 15th August 1930, to the REVENUE MINISTER in His Highness Government, Alwar.
A 1171

WANTED—REPRESENTATIVES for the Ganges Weaving & Knitting Mills, Co. Ltd. Buxar on decent salary in all Sub-division and District towns for sale of stylish, Swadeshi Hosiery piece-goods. Apply MANAGING DIRECTOR, enclosing two annas stamps for full particulars.
A 1168

WANTED—Some capable AGENTS on very liberal commission to sell the remaining shares of a Tea Garden producing tea over 80,000 (eighty thousand pounds) yearly. Dividend expected very shortly. Apply sharp to:—EASTERN AGENCY CO., Ltd., Canning Street, Calcutta.

Matrimonial

BRAHMIN aged 25, A promising highly qualified Engineer income Rs. 1,500 fair and athletic, wishes to marry a Hindu lady of any caste. Apply in confidence to No. 899, Post Box, Bombay
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Medical.

SPECIFICS for LUNACY—Hysteria, Chronic headaches, Hemiplegia, Malaria, Dyspepsia, Vertigo, Paralysis, Diseases of women and children, Rheumatism Consumption. See BHATHENA, No. 8, Grant Buildings, Colaba, Bombay.
P R2746B

Profession.

N. PURUSHOTTAM, original Bombay Fortune-teller and Evil Counteracter, has retired and is observing silence for further progress. He will however help all through the post as usual if addressed with a reply envelop to N PURUSHOTTAM, Natu's Hanuman Temple, Baroda.
(P)

Houses & Flats To Let.

WOOL-GODOWNS at 3 Panjarapole Lane, and two spacious godowns in Bakehouse Lane opposite Daily Mail. TO LET. Apply: DOONGURSEE SONS, care, David Sassoon, Forbes Street.
R2775

Personal.

PURSHOTAM KAPOOR CAWNPOREWALLA.—Your letter received Your people's anxiety greatly relieved. Your determination to do your mite for your Country's freedom has the wholehearted support and blessings of your Elders. May God help you in this your noble cause. Keep your nearest and dearest informed of your doings and whereabouts, which will never be divulged or used against you. Always remain non-violent which is our Mahatmaji's creed, and Victory will be yours. Your Uncle RAMRATAN GUPTA.
P R2005

Educational

HINDU GRADUATE, six years' residence in Germany and France, perfect command over German and French languages (Word-a-script) prepared to give tuition at reasonable honourarium. Apply to:—AWADE, Seth Mahal, Top floor, near Goregaonkar Buildings, Charni Road, Girgaon, Bombay.
B R2809

ARE YOU OUT OF EMPLOYMENT?—If so, study Shorthand and Typewriting (2 months' Course) Rs. 4 per month Accountancy Rs. 4 monthly, Banking Correspondence English, Secretaryship. Enrolment for I.C.C., N.U.T. F.C.R.A., F.I.S.A., F.C.C.S. & Other Professional Examinations. SERVICE GUARANTEED. Apply LENTIN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, 33, Meadows Street.
E R2006

Trade Announcement.

WANTED—Ready Brand or new nearly new, 2 drawing frames, 3 heads 8 delliveries, 1 starch Mangle 1 Cheesedyeing Plant, 1 Cheese Winder. Apply Box No. 100, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle".
T R 2008

Property For Sale

FLOUR MILL.. B. T. H. Electric Motor 15 H.P. with Diamant chaki for the present working for sale. Apply Box No. 99, Advt. Dept "Bombay Chronicle."
W

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

WANTED—A temporary DEMONSTRATOR in Applied Mechanics and Assistant to the Professor of Structural Design, College of Engineering, Poona.

The candidate should be a graduate in Engineering or an Associate Member of a Technical Institution of high standing.

He must be possessed of a good knowledge of Applied Mechanics and he should preferably have had at least 2 years' practical experience in Engineering Workshops and in a Drawing office or Designing work.

The terms of the post are as follows:

The post is a temporary and non-pensionable one on a pay of Rs. 150-10-250. The appointment will be on contract for five years in the first instance terminable at three months' notice at the option of Government, the first year being on probation. The incumbent of the post will be allowed to contribute to the General Provident Fund. He will be held eligible for leave on half average pay at the rate of 1/11th of duty, such leave to be convertible into leave on average pay for half the period in case of sickness. At the end of five years, he will also be eligible for one academic term's leave on half average pay with the concession of affixing and prefixing vacations. Unless, however, the contract is renewed, all leave thus allowed should be taken within the period of the contract. The above terms are subject to the sanction of Government.

Applications giving particulars re: age, caste, qualifications etc. should reach the undersigned before 1st August 1930. Applicants will be required to present themselves before the undersigned for personal interview at Poona at their own expense.

C. GRAHAM SMITH.
Principal.
College of Engineering.
Poona, July 12, 1930.
1170

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY INFORMED that the power of Attorney given to Mr. J. P. Fernandes at Parle has been hereby withdrawn. We are not responsible for any dealing made by him henceforward.
BAI PRASAN SOBHAGCHAND
F 2007

Public Notices

LIFE CHIEF AGENCY.

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE CO. LTD., invite applications from persons having in influence and previous experience for Chief Agency of Kathiawar on liberal terms of commission. Please apply soon stating minimum yearly business expected.
GENERAL MANAGER,
Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.
1178

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 234 of 1930.

Messrs. JETHMAL DHALAMAL a firm, carrying on business at Jackeria Masjid, outside the Fort of Bombay. ... Plaintiffs.
vs.
TOPANDAS MANGHANMAL, Hindu inhabitant, formerly of Bombay at present, residing and carrying on business at 14, Rue Bruce at Alger in North Africa. ...Defendant.

To
The Defendant abovenamed,

TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiffs have filed this suit against you for recovery from you of Rs. 6,051-4-9 with interest at 6 per cent. per annum from 26th January, 1930, till judgment costs and interest on Judgment at 6 per cent. per annum till payment.

You are therefore hereby summoned to appear in Court on the 20th day of August 1930 at eleven O'clock (S.T.) in the forenoon in person or by an Advocate.

TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned the said suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 14th day of July 1930.
TULSIDAS A. KARANI,
Plaintiffs' Attorney.
1173

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of RATILAL CHHAGANLAL MEHTA, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, lately a Cashier in the employ of Messrs. Manchershaw B. Chothia and Co., Solicitors who died unmarried and a Manager of the joint Hindu family residing at Assembly Lane outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

MANGALDAS CHHAGANLAL MEHTA, Brother, of the abovenamed deceased of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Assembly Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT ESQUIRE, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this fourth day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty and in the twenty-first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.
E. FAHEY.

The 4th day of July, 1930.
Messrs. MANCHERSHAW B. CHOTHIA & Co.,
1177 Petitioner's Attorneys.

Amusements.

TO-DAY at 6-30 & 10 P.M. at the

NEW PATHE CINEMA
Lamington Rd. (Queen's Rd. End.)
'Phone: 41561.

The GRAND PARADE
with
HELEN TWELVETREES and FRED SCOTT
Talking Picture

The finest talking picture ever shown in India

Also showing
PATHE SUPER GAZETTE

"ANYTHING ONCE"
The last comedy made by Mabel Normand before she died.

EMPIRE THEATRE
6-30, 8-15 and 10 P. M.
MARIE PREVOST in THE NIGHT BRIDE
Proud Imperious, she travelled the road of strange adventure.

EMPRESS THEATRE
6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
SHAKESPEARE'S IMMORTAL COMEDY
THE TAMING OF THE SHREW
Featuring
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS and MARY PICKFORD
UNITED ARTISTS PICTURE.

RIALTO CINEMA
Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KEN MAYNARD in THE FIGHTING LEGION
Speed-Romance-Riding!

THE CAPITOL
DAILY AT 6-30 and 10 P.M.
Charles King, Bessie Love in

Talking, Singing Dancing Hit! WITH TECHNICOLOUR.

COME AND ENJOY YOURSELF WITH YOUR CHILDREN AND FRIENDS.
AT

BOMBAY SHOWS
Opposite ALEXANDRA CINEMA, Bellasis Road.
NIGHTLY AT 6 P. M.
EVERYTHING FREE
including
A GRAND GYMNASTIC DISPLAY
NIGHTLY AT 7 & 10 P.M. AND
Merry-mix-up, Mountain Slide, See Shaw Ship, House of Mystery, Laughing Gallery
BRASS BANDS, BAGPIPES AND RADIO
FREE! FREE!
ADMISSION TO GROUND ANNAS 2.
MANAGEMENT RESERVES RIGHT OF ADMISSION.

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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

—:o:—

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE.

—:o:—

DEATH.

GILDER—On Monday, the 14th instant, at Guzdar Mansions, Princess Street, Dhunjibhoy Dorabji Gilder, Asst. Teacher, Bharda New High School and Hon. Secy. Bombay Temperance Council father of Dr. Manchershaw and Messrs. Sorab and Ardeshir.

—:o:—

CONGRESS HOSPITAL FUND.

The Oriental Life office Cricket Club has donation Rs. 201, towards the Congress Free Hospital Fund.

—:o:—

BOYCOTT STAMPS—A WARNING.

The Boycott Committee of the Bombay Provincial ConBgress Committee have issued Boycott Stamps. There have been many imitations of these stamps. The public are requested not to imitate or purchase such imitations. The Congress Stamps can be had at the Congress House or the Congress Ward Offices only.

—:o:—

BOYCOTT.

The Secretary B. P. C. C. writes.

We understand there are several Committees formed in the City for carrying on the Boycott Propaganda. Such Committees are requested to send their representatives to a meeting to be held at the Congress House on Wednesday next the 16th inst., at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) re discuss the issues relating to "Boycott".

—:o:—

KESHERBAI'S MUSIC TO BE BROADCAST TO-DAY.

Bai Kesherbai, disciple of Alladia Khan, will appear at the studio in our after-dinner programme to-day (Tuesday).

—:o:—

INDIAN BROADCASTING PROGRAMME.

8-0 a.m.—Cotton Prices: Liverpool and New York Closing Rates. Indian Gramophone Records.

8-30 p.m.—Close Down.

12.0 noon.—Indian Gramophone Records.

12-40 p.m.—News.

12-45 p.m.—European Gramophone Records.

1-30 p.m.—Close Down.

9-20 p.m.—Majid Khan, Sarengi Solo.

9-40 p.m.—Bai Kesarbai, Vocal Music.

11-0 p.m.—God Save The King-Emperor. Close Down.

—:o:—

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

The N. Y. K. steamer "Tottori Maru" left Colombo for Bombay on the 13th inst., and is due to arrive here on Thursday afternoon the 17th idem.

—:o:—

IN AID OF CONGRESS HOSPITAL.

A grand variety concert by the Fellowship School will be held on Sunday, the 20th instant at the Royal Opera House directed by Pandit Bhiman Shastri in aid of the Congress Hospital Fund. There will be Garba dances, drama, etc.

—:o:—

DONATION TO HINDUSTAN SEVA DAL.

The Hindustani Seva Dal is thankful for the sum of Rs. 500 in aid of central funds of the Hindustani Seva Dal, as part payment through Mr. Mourlidhar Vitoba Shenoy of the Kanara Tea Shopkeepers Association, Bombay. They have promised further sums which we will acknowledge by receipt.

—:o:—

HINDUSTANI SEVA DAL GENERAL RALLY.

There will be a rally of all the Seva Dal Volunteers to-day (Tuesday), in the Congress House, at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.). Attendence is compulsory.

—:o:—

DESH SEVIKA SANGH.

Sevika's activities are as intense as they were before, and on one side they do picketing while on the other side they held meetings in Chawls to exhort the people to wear Swadeshi and to spin on Takali anod Charkha. At every lane, where the meetings are held, a Committee of residents of that lane is forced to promote Swadeshi and Spinning. Till oow some 12 meetings have been held and at two Spinning Classes have been already started.

—:o:—

LIQUOR PICKETING SEVIKAS.

Liquor Picketing Sewikas have to come to the Congress House, to-day (Tuesday), at 3-30 p.m. as usual.

—:o:—

TO BOMBAY'S LEADERS.

All the leaders of various wards of the city have been requested to call at the Desh Sewika Sangh Office, Congress House, Girgaum, to-day (Tuesday), at 10 a.m. to take receipt books of Congress members to be enlisted. They will also be given boxes to collect funds for the purpose of giving help to the families of Volunteers who have sacrificed for the cause of the country. This fund will be utilised to help the above families, only who are is need of financial help.

CORPORATION AGAIN ADJOURNS.

Protest Against Lathi Charges.

As a protest against the lathi charges against citizens and peaceful volunteers of the War Council of B. P. C. C. on Friday last the Bombay Municipal Corporation adjourned on Monday without transacting any business. Mr. B. P. Wadke moved the adjournment motion which was seconded by Mr. Vithaldas D. Govindji and was passed 'nem con'. The Corporation then adjourned till Wednesday, 4-30 p.m.

CONGRESS HOSPITAL FUND CLOSED.

Voluntary subscriptions to the Congress Hospital Fund have been declared closed, at least for the time being, by the Hospital authorities. Ever since the Hospital started work, donations from all quarters have been pouring in and the amount thus collected has now reached a respectable figure. Almost the whole of this sum is carried to the reserve and the authorities have now decided not to accept further donations from the public, till such a time when the necessity for further monetary assistance arises.

The Hospital has been receiving free gifts in the nature of all medical requisites, food supplies, apparatus, fruits and other requirements, so spontaneously from public-spirited citizens enabling the management to carry on without further donation.

The authorities however have decided to accept monies so far collected in Clubs, Associations or Unions, but these should reach the Hospital at an early date.

MRS. LUKMANI.

—:o:—

Placed In 'A' Class.

We understand that Mrs. Lukmani, who is now in Thana jail, has been placed in 'A' Class.

—:o:—

NATIONALIST CHRISTIAN PARTY.

—:o:—

Grand Concert In Aid Of The Congress Hospial Fund.

The Nationalist Christian Party is organising a grand concert in aid of the Congress Hospital fund, to come off on Saturday, August 2nd, in the Covasji Jehangir Hall. The concert will be under the distinguished patronage of the ex-Speaker of the Assembly, Sjt. Vithalbhai Patel, and will consist of varied and most interesting items. To cater to the cultural tastes of the audience, Mrs. Merchant, B.A., under the auspices of the Garba Mandal, will lead a Garba party. Prof. Deodhar's Indian Orchestra will also be in attendance. Mr. Manuel de Souza, the noted local vocalist, will contribute a charming Italian song and Mrs. George Coelho, F.T.C.L., with her sister, Miss Dorothy de Souza, will be responsible for a vocal piano solo. Amongst the other entertaining items of the programme will be an "Incense Dance." Tickets for the concert could be had for Rs. 10, Rs. 5, Rs. 3, Rs. 2 and Re. 1.

BOMBAY PLEADERS' MEETING.

—:o:—

Helping The Congress.

A meeting of the Bombay pleaders and advocates practising in the Police Courts was held at the residence of Mr. Balubhai T. Desai, Sandhurst Road, on Sunday last. The meeting was called to consider as to what way the pleaders can help the Congress propaganda and make the Congress movement successful. After some consideration three suggestions were made, viz., (1) To give a certain percentage of the income till the Congress movement goes on; (2) Boycott of British goods and support to Swadeshi; and (3) To help the public with free legal aid whenever they were assaulted by the police in connection with Congress activities. A small Committee was appointed to draft report on these suggestions which would be placed before another representative meeting next Sunday to give effect to the recommendations of this report.

SIR ALI IMAM'S CONDITION

—:o:—

Must Be Allowed To Call Off Civil Disobedience.

RANCHI, July 14.

In answer to an inquiry by the Associated Press if the newspaper report regarding his joining the Civil Disobedience movement was correct Sir Ali Imam, ex-Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council has sent the following telegram:—

"I have accepted to succeed Mr. Hasan Imam as Dictator on condition that I shall have freedom to call off picketing and Civil Disobedience which I condemn as injurious to Bihar and Orissa Province, but strongly urge vigorous spread of Swadeshi. I am holding fast to Dominion Status creed."—A. P.

JOIN THE CONGRESS

Dr. Gour's Call To Muslims.

—:o:—

Dr. Mazharul Huq Gour, Vice-President of the "War Council" of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee gave the following message before he was sentenced to four months R. I.

"Brothers and Sisters join the Congress.

Any help at this juncture to the Congress by the Muslims means helping not only the country but Islam all over the world."

—:o:—

FORT PICKETERS—16 CONVICTED.

—:o:—

Charged with defying the Picketing Ordinance sixteen Congress Volunteers were placed before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on Monday afternoon. All the accused were picketing foreign cloth shops in Fort, the same morning. The Magistrate found the accused "guilty" and sentenced 10 volunteers to four months' rigorous imprisonment each. Four volunteers were sentenced to 4 months' simple and two others owing to their tender age were awarded two months' simple imprisonment.

Out of this batch of 16 picketers 7 were Muslims.

PICKETERS ARRESTED.

—:o:—

The following is the list of volunteers arrested for foreign cloth shop picketing in the Fort area on Tuesday:—

Abdul Latif, Muhamad Hussain, Azizuddin, Guja Khan, Akbar Ali, K. S. Mangersi, Silauddin, Ruma Shankar, Nandran Trimbak, Mahamad Khalil, D. A. Dharankar, Govind Rajaram, Dagdu Rama, Thukaram Keshav, Laxman Ganesh Patil, Shankar Mahadev, Aba Krishna Yadev, Baboo Krishna Pawar, Sadu Bhima Bhagat, Babu Ganpat Gole, Gulam Mohamad Sheik Bahadur, Ganpat Bhikaji Faple, Sayyed Bahadur, and Shivabhai Rambhai Patel.

SATYAGRAHI VOLUNTEER DIES IN PRISON

—:o:—

FUNERAL PROCESSION TO-DAY.

—:o:—

(Through B. P. C. C.)

Sjt. Narayan Gopal Gowri, a Satyagrahi volunteer, who was removed from the Worli Prison, expired in the J. J. Hospital on Monday. The dead body will be taken to the cremation ground from the Congress House to-day (Tuesday) at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.). All volunteers should be present at the Congress House at the appointed time.

—:o:—

DESH SEVIKAS PICKET TODDY SHOPS.

—:o:—

The Desh Sevikas continued the picketing of toddy shops in the city as usual on Monday. The other toddy shops in the remaining localities in the city were picketed by Congress volunteers who also included in their work the country and foreign liquor shops in the mill area of Dadar and Parel.

—:o:—

SWADESHI VASTOO BHANDAR AT GAMDEVI.

—:o:—

Under the auspices of the Saraswat Mahila Samaj a Swadeshi Vastoo Bhandar was opened on Sunday at the Saraswat Buildings, Gamdevi. The opening ceremony was performed by Sjt. K. P. Khadilkar, Editor of the "Nava Kal". Mr. S. P. Nadkarni, the Secretary of the Swadeshi Vastoo Pracharak Sangh, explained the object of starting the Bhandar. Mrs. Girijabai Hebe then explained that many patriotic Indians are duped by businessmen who sell foreign articles under the name of Swadeshi, and that it was necessary to start such Stores everywhere where pure Swadeshi goods only would be sold.

Sjt. K. P. Khadilkar then addressed the meeting. He explained to the audience the importance of the Swadeshi movement and how it directly hit the Government and added that this movement must continue even after Swaraj is won. He then declared the Stores open.

The Stores are managed by the Saraswat Mahila Samaj entirely under the direction of the Swadeshi Vastoo Pracharak Sangh, and will be kept open to the public from 8 to 9-30 a.m. and 3 to 5-30 p.m.

GHATE CALLED TO MEERUT.

—:o:—

Bail Bond Cancelled.

LEAVING BOMBAY TO-DAY.

Mr. S. V. Ghate, who was released on bail for reasons of health and who was in Bombay under the medical treatment of Dr. Gilder, M.D., has received an order from the trying judge, Meerut, that his bail bond has been cancelled and that he should proceed to Meerut immediately. The order was served on Mr. Ghate in the Petit Library on Saturday.

Mr. Ghate is leaving Bombay for Meerut by the Frontier Mail to-day (Tuesday) from the Colaba Station.

"KEEP THE RED FLAG FLYING."

—:o:—

Meeting To Honour Ghate.

A hearty send off was given to Comrade Ghate the Meerut accused at a largely attended public meeting of the mill workers held at Lal Bhaug, in the Maidan opposite the Dinshaw Petit Mill on Sunday evening.

It will be recalled that Mr. Ghate was let on bail about three months back on account of his illness. He has now been summoned by the Sessions Judge of Meerut to appear before him within four days. The summons was served on him on Saturday and he is leaving for Meerut on Tuesday.

Mr. Kandalker the president of the G. K. Union presided and Mr. Philip Antone the Secretary of the Union and several other labour leaders and some workers addressed the meeting.

The speakers paid a tribute to the services of the Meerut accused to the cause of the workers and appealed to the workers to organise and strengthen the Union. They also referred the services rendered to the Labour cause by Mr. Ghate and the work he did silently for the last three months while he was among them, to reorganise the Union.

Mr. Ghate who was profusely garlanded in a brief speech thanked the workers for their sympathy for him and his colleagues, the co-accused in the Meerut case and exhorted them to keep the Red flag flying by joining the Union in large numbers.

—:o:—

G. I. P. RAILWAYMEN'S UNION.

—:o:—

Why Annual General Meeting Was Postponed.

Mr. V. B. Purandhare, Secretary, G. I. P. Railwaymen's Union, writes:—

The annual general meeting of the G. I. P. Railwaymen's Union was to be held in the third week of July. As the accounts are not yet audited, and also on the requisition of the Committee for the purpose, it is postponed to a further fortnight. Now the Committee desires me to announce that the annual general meeting of the G. I. P. Railwaymen's Union will be held at Bombay on Saturday and Sunday, the 9th and 10th of August, at the "Damodar Thakersy Hall", Poibawadi, Parel, Bombay.

The Branch Secretaries and Managing Committee members of all the Branches of the Union are, therefore, requested to be in perfect readiness, and should send without any further delay all the accounts, and other necessary material, to enable the Head Office, to prepare a General Accounts Sheet of the Union, for getting it auditated in the time at the disposal. As the submission of the accounts in the prescribed limit is the vital point, the Secretaries and Managing Committees will not fail to work out their duty. Hope all the persons concerned will co-operate and make the Conference successful.

The exact programme and the rest will be announced later on within this week.

Mill Worker's Accidental Death

Ramsumer Bisesar, a Hindu Mill hand aged about 35, who was working in the Blowing Department of the Western India Mill got his right elbow fractured on the morning of July 10, while he had put his hand in the machine to remove some dust. He was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital and detained for treatment where he succumbed to his injuries on Saturday morning.

Inquest was held on the body of the deceased on Sunday morning and the jury gave the unanimous verdict that the death was due to the fracture of the right arm accidentally sustained in the Mill.

Village Officers Withdraw Resignations.

The Director of Information, writes:—

Surat District reports that since the 1st June last 22 Patels, 20 Talatis, 27 inferior village servants and 3 Matadars have withdrawn their resignations.

ALIBAG YOUTH LEAGUER CONVICTED.

—:o:—

Goes On Hunger-Strike.

—:o:—

ALIBAG, July 14.

Mr. V. N. Natu, a Youth Leaguer, was convicted under Section 117, I.P.C. read with Section 26 Forest Act and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 100 or in default to one month's imprisonment more.

It is reported that he has gone on hunger-strike as a protest against alleged improper treatment given to the person who was bringing his dinner on Monday. It is also reported that Mr. D. N. Patil, another Congressman who was sentenced on Saturday last, has also resorted to hunger-strike to show his sympathy with his fellow-prisoner's move.—Free Press.

MOBILISING FOR FOREST SATYAGRAHA.

—:o:—

The Berar Provincial War Council has appointed a committee of three, with the Provincial War Council President as its president, and two members from Amraoti for carrying on Satyagraha at Wadali forest from the 17th July. A supplementary Volunteers camp has been opened at Wadali to march towards the reserved forest area. The Ambulance Department has been entrusted to Orange Swastika Association under Dr. Thambhe of Yeotmal.—Free Press.

—:o:—

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay accompanied by Mr. E. A. Trotman, Assistant Private Secretary, Captain C. E. Morrison Offg. Military Secretary and Captain B. A. J. Peto and Captain C. R. Battiscombe Aides-de-Camp returned to Poona from Satara on Sunday, the 13th July.

Latest Cotton Prices.

—:o:—

(Through the Cotton Information Bureau 381, Ismail Building 2nd floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay).

—:o:—

NEW YORK MARKET OCTOBER.

—:o:—

New York, July 14.

Previous Closing Rate	13.07
To-day's Opening Rate	12.91
Difference	—.16
To-day's Closing Rate	12.95
Difference	—.12
Broach Expectation J-A	Rs 185
Broach Expectation A-M	Rs. 218

LIVERPOOL MARKET. OCTOBER.

Liverpool, July 14.

Previous Closing Rate	6.88
To-day's Opening Rate	6.86
Difference	—.02
To-day's Closing Rate	6.84
Difference	—.04

LONDON SILVER MARKET.

London, July 14.

Silver Ready		16	0 0
Highest	plus	0	1 0
Silver Forward		15	14 0
Highest	plus	0	1 0

Tone of market:—Steady.

—:o:—

Bombay, July 14.

Bombay market closed.

THE UNIQUE
ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
10, Canning Street, CALCUTTA.

A First Class Indian Life Office. It offers Maximum Benefits at Minimum Cost, and all that is latest and best to Policy-holders and Agents. Unique Plans and Prompt Settlement of Claims. Grand Valuation Result. Liberal Hereditary Agency Commission.

RALLY ROUND THE UNIQUE.

For particulars apply to the Chief Agents :—
Messrs. ASIATIC TRADING Co.,
33, Meadows Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

POONA DAY BY DAY.

PROTEST AGAINST SIMLA STATEMENT.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

POONA, July 13.

Friday was the Tilak Anniversary day according to the Hindu Calendar. As decided, the religious ceremonies are performed on the day, while the political functions in honour of the day are generally gone through on the first of August, as it is the day of Lok Tilak's passing according to the English Calendar. Accordingly, Friday morning witnessed 'Abhishek' ceremony at the Omkareshwar Temple. And in the noon, food was distributed to the poor. On the open space behind the Reay Market, over seven thousand poor persons, coming from villages round about Poona, were fed. The feeding started at about twelve and for about five hours a hundred volunteers were busy constantly in serving the food prepared, on a very huge scale in a specially erected tin-shade by a batch of twenty cooks. The kitchen was gigantic, the utensils were huge, the provisions were abundant. The whole function is managed by the Tilak 'Punya-Tithi Mandal' with Rao Bahadur Hanmantrao and Mr. N. C. Kelkar as the Trustees who have made permanent arrangements for this ceremony to continue year after year. Poor Brahman students, too, were given food in the Sardar Patwardhanwada and the volunteers in the Satyagraha Camp also were given a day's provisions.

In the afternoon, there was a 'Mantra Jagar' in the Gaikwad Wada and Vedic hymns were chanted loudly by the priests of various sub-castes in succession. At night, Dattopant Patwardhan, the well-known Haridas of Maharashtra, performed a Kirtan and this closed the proceedings of the Tilak day here.

PUBLIC MEETING.

Under the auspices of the Youth League, a public meeting of the citizens of Poona was held on Saturday in the Shivaji Mandir under the presidentship of Mr. K. N. Phadke, to protest against the Simla leaders' statement in response to the Viceregal address to the Central Legislature. Mr. D. V. Divekar moved the resolution disapproving of the statement and affirming that it would be an affront to the sufferings and sacrifices of the imprisoned persons to go to the R. T. Conference without the authority of the Congress and in the absence of Mahatma Gandhi. He quoted the conditions of the Delhi manifesto and asked the signatories of the hasty Manifesto whether any of the conditions was satisfied. He described it as a breach of faith on the part of the Simla Liberals and Independents to have advised the country to participate in the Conference. Mr. A. S. Patwardhan, graduate of the Hindu University, supported the resolution in an eloquent English speech describing how Lord Irwin was talking endlessly of justice and sympathy. Mr. Deshpande, Mr. Gokhale of the Satyagraha Shibir further spoke to the resolution and Mr. Phadke wound up the meeting with a brilliant speech proving the Viceregal address was not at all 'a distinct advance' upon his last utterance, as the Liberals had alleged. He strongly censured the Liberals for their betrayal of the country. The resolution was unanimously adopted. This is perhaps the first public meeting in protest against the reactionary statement of Simla M.L.A.'s and others!

In this meeting the Youth League published its first bulletin which was sold out for a pice each, within half an hour.

GOVERNOR'S ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE.

The Governor's Round Table Conference for this Presidency is divided into two parts. For the Poona leaders and the Council members, Tuesday has been fixed and for Bombay Wednesday has been allotted. About forty M. L. C.'s and other gentlemen have been invited to the Poona meeting. The same probably will be the case in Bombay. Mr. N. C. Kelkar has received the invitation to attend, but it is said that he has refused to participate in it.

The proprietor of the "Vijaya" Press is being prosecuted for printing a seditious leaflet in connection with boycott of British goods.

In the Cantonment area there is said to be brisk agitation among the public against the Municipality's resolution asking for the prohibition of meetings and processions by Government. It is learnt that consideration of the subject in a meeting of the body had to be adjourned as a largely signed protest was received.

Two Attractive Flats To Let.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
TUESDAY, JULY 15, 1930.

UNGRACEFUL EAGERNESS.

—:o:—

We are sorry for the All-India Muslim League. From being at least an independent body, representative of the Mussalmans, it has now become a mere supplement to the so-called All-Parties' Muslim Conference. Among those who attended its Council meeting on July 13, everyone, with the exception of the President and one or two more, was a prominent member of that reactionary body that had met at Simla a few days ago. The Muslim League has passed a resolution regarding Peshawar. Frontier Muslims should be thankful to Mr. Jinnah and his new friends for small mercies. But could the League not have waked up earlier? These gentlemen claim to be the champions of Mussalmans. Where were they when the Congress decided to appoint a Committee of Inquiry, or when Government appointed their own Committee and the unfortunate Mussalmans of the Frontier were in need of all possible assistance? Evidently the only duty that the League feels called upon to perform is to pass a belated, meaningless resolution regarding the Frontier—and then go to sleep again. The resolution about Muslim demands is a faithful echo of the earlier meeting and suffers from the same defects. We have already pointed out, when dealing with the Muslim Conference, how some of the demands were absurd and impracticable, and how they were designed to deceive the Muslim community, when every one of the supporters themselves could not but know that they would be rejected at the Round Table Conference, however constituted.

But the League Council has gone further than its equally unrepresentative sister organisation. In addition to reiterating the Muslim demands and supporting the Round Table Conference, it desires to "create a proper atmosphere" for the Conference. It, therefore, suggests to Congress to call off Civil Disobedience. Like other lovers of the Round Table Conference it forgets—deliberately or unconsciously we do not know—two things. First that the Viceregal pronouncement does not improve matters at all. The Congress offered its definite terms through Mahatma Gandhi and Pundit Motilal Nehru. These terms, which constituted the minimum demand of India and were, incidentally, supported by non-Congressmen, have been ignored by the Viceroy. As the Acting President of the Congress says, "Lord Irwin's statement makes it perfectly plain that India can be offered only what the spokesmen of Britain 'agree' to give as a result of argument and discussion in London." No wonder that Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel (whom Mr. Jayakar has unjustly libelled by attributing to him the proposal to contest the forthcoming elections, a proposal which is foreign to Sardar Vallabhbhai's mentality and which he has never made) does not find anything in the pronouncement "to justify the slightest change in the attitude or the programme of the Congress" or, indeed, of the Liberals themselves. But both the League and the Liberals forget this. The pity of it is that they demand that the Congress also should forget. What is worse is that they have lost all distinction between cause and effect in the matter of the national movement. They are no doubt acting in the company of such distinguished men as the Premier, Lord Irwin, Sir George Rainy and Messrs. Haig and Emerson. But they are ignoring the reality of the situation in their country.

Many—almost all—of the new recruits to the Round Table Conference have condemned bans on processions, picketing, Gandhi caps and Taklis and gagging the Press. Is not the Civil Disobedience that exists to-day a protest, and a very non-violent protest, against these? We know that the attraction of a Round Table Conference in London is, with some people, almost compelling. But we did not know that it was tragically irresistible. For the eagerness with which they are yielding to it is not only ungraceful, but, in view of the daily dose of warnings, open and implied, issued from Great Britain, it is also calculated to provoke the derision of the world. And it has already convicted them of treachery to their country. The Round Table Conference is really the tragedy of its supporters. As they are themselves determined to be deluded, they are making frantic efforts to induce their fellow-countrymen to follow their unpatriotic lead. But India is too much awakened and too much in earnest to be attracted by shadows. She wants and will have the substance. Her terms for an honourable settlement are known to the whole world. Let those terms be offered and there will be no one who will make a more sincere and constructive contribution to a permanent understanding between Britain and India than Mahatma Gandhi and the Congressmen. The agents of Britain may to-day find in the Jayakars, Jinnahs and Saprus pliant tools in the futile efforts to dragoon the country into the acceptance of the Round Table Conference. But it will not be long before she finds that these men have not only ill-served their own country but also harmed her permanent interests.

PLOT AGAINST INDIA.

—:o:—

The "Civil and Military Gazette" of Lahore has unwittingly exposed the die-hard plot in Simla which secured the declaration of the Congress Working Committee as an unlawful body only a few days before the Viceroy's address to the Central Legislature. "It was found necessary", says the "Gazette", gleefully reviewing the success of the plot, "to declare the body unlawful, putting it beyond the pale of negotiations." The journal is glad that "in future the Government will be carried on and negotiations will take place without taking into account this element, which finding it impossible to produce constructive proposals has resorted to obstruction as the only means of making itself heard." The plot thus consisted in capturing Lord Irwin completely and making him agree that the Congress must be put "beyond the pale of negotiations." Lord Irwin's complete surrender to the Die-hards does not, however, mean that the Congress will find itself helpless and will sue officialdom for peace. Officialdom in India and the British people and their present Government must realise that the plot to secure attendance at the Round Table Conference of pliable Liberals and neo-Liberals like Messrs. Jinnah and Jayakar and a few officially selected communalists and Jo-Hukmies and win their consent to camouflaged reforms, will fall ignominously, because if Mahatma Gandhi and the Congress leaders are not to participate in the Conference, it only means "India will not be there", as Mr. Brailsford warned the British Government many weeks ago.

Any constitution, which India's "representatives", selected because officialdom likes them, elect to accept, will fail to work in India, because the Congress, representative of the vast majority of the Indian people, will refuse to touch it. And the latest news from London is that these communalists and Jo-hukmies, sent from India by the bureaucracy, will be asked to face the representatives of all the three political parties in Britain. The new move in British die-hard circles is to harass the MacDonald Government into accepting the amazing proposition that the Tory and Liberal leaders should sit at the Round Table along with the Government's representatives—to discuss how to hoodwink the Indian delegation. Our Liberal friends should note the new move. If the British people as a nation are willing to meet the Indian people as another nation as equal partners to discuss a treaty of political friendship, it being agreed previously that India is to be given the "substance of independence", we can understand the demand that all the three British political parties should be represented at such a Conference. But the British die-hards do not want this. They hope to browbeat the MacDonald Government and the docile delegation from India and secure a further lease of India as an economic and political preserve for Britain.

CANARDS EXPOSED.

—:o:—

It will be recalled that in their official communiques and in their "appreciation" of the Indian political situation to Mr. Benn, the Government of India had dubbed the "Red Shirts", an organisation of social workers in the Frontier Province that later also undertook to preach Gandhiji's doctrine of non-violence, as revolutionary and Communist. They also asserted that Congressmen in the Province were securing Muslim sympathy by inveighing against the "injustice" of the Sarda Act. Mr. Jivanlal Kapur, a prominent Lahore Congressman, who visited the Frontier Province, promptly exposed the accusation against the Congressmen regarding the Sarda Act and protests were made by the leaders of popular opinion in the Province against the official description of the "Red Shirts" as revolutionaries. The Government of India must have intimated to Mr. Benn their mistake because he informed the House of Commons lately that the "Red Shirts" were "a social and religious" body. Another sedulously propagated charge against Congressmen in the Province was that they had invited the Haji of Turangzai to invade India. To all those accusations a categorical denial is given in the statement issued by Sardar Kehar Singh Kesari, Editor, the "Kirpan Bahadur", who has just been released from jail. Before his release he interviewed Khan Abdul Gaffur Khan, the leader of the Khudai Khidmatgars whom he had banded into a "Red Shirts" organisation. He assured Sardar Kehar Singh that this body of men, devoted to the propagation of Gandhiji's principles were big landholders and Bolshevik doctrines did not appeal to them or to their co-workers. "It was equally false," he said, "that the 'Red Shirts' or any Congress organisations had carried on negotiations with the Haji of Turangzai." Sir Abdul Qayum in his speech in the Legislative Assembly admitted how the "Congress movement had caught on" in the Province and testified that the discontent there was not due to the Sarda Act but to the "absence of reforms". The accusations which Government have piled up against Congress workers in the Frontier Province have been all proved to be untrue. What 'amende honorable' do Government propose to make to them, now that these canards have been exposed?

FUTILE THREATS.

—:o:—

The Bombay Municipal Corporation agreed yesterday to adjourn as a mark of protest against the police 'lathi' charges of Friday. Just after the passing of the adjournment motion Messrs. Talpade and Mohanlal Desai received the following scurrilous epistle through the post:—

"We, the members of the Progressive Party challenge Mohanlal Desai and Talpade to move the adjournment of the House to-day, if they have any moral courage to do so. We of the Progressive Party have resolved to give them such a licking that they will NOT be in a hurry to forget. They will never forget the warm warm reception they will receive at the Progressives' hands to-day if they resort to their old favourite game of moving the adjournment for disloyal, traitorous, rebellious Congresswallas. Try it, Desai and Talpade, and see that you will not dare to speak the word 'adjournment' again at any time."

The writer of this anonymous and impudent balderdash has done no service to the Progressive Party. Here is a case of "Save me from my friends."

OLLA PODRIDA.

THE MIRACLE OF THE CONGRESS.

(BY NOVALIS.)

What is a nation? The Simon Commissioners deny that India is a nation; they could do nothing else, for an admission that India is a nation would have negatived the motif of the Commission, which never came within sight of the Indian nation.

* * * * * *

History will not look to the Report of the Simon Commission or the writings of Directors of Information for materials for tracing the course of the national movement in India. A time will come when the Indian nation will be acclaimed by the world as the oldest as well as the youngest of the nations, but the die-hards will resolutely shut their eyes and shout. "There is no nation in India!".

* * * * * *

Theoretically, the nation is the agglomeration of the units of a race, but that does not imply that the whole nation is to be massed together for every national undertaking. A handful of men may do what may be of advantage to the whole nation; a larger number of men may unite in doing disservice to the nation. We have to distinguish between what is national and what is not.

* * * * * *

The saying has been accepted that the nation is to be found in the cottage. True, but the beginnings of nationhood are not neceassarily to be found in the cottage. A number of barons made King John sign the Magna Charta at Runnymede; they did not come from cottages, but they certainly established the rights of the nation in England. The barons formed a very small minority, but they were undoubtedly the nucleus of the nation.

* * * * * *

Great things always proceed from small beginnings. The big cocoanut seed yields only a slender, single-stemmed tree, but the minute 'peepul' seed grows into the many-branched broad-shaded 'peepul' tree and the tiny acorn grows into the mighty oak.

* * * * * *

Forty-five years ago seventy-five men met in the city of Bombay and called themselves the Indian National Congress. Three years later Lord Dufferin, Viceroy of India, sneered at it as a microscopic minority. A Viceroy of India has to be found every four or five years and he is not among the prophets and seers.

* * * * * *

The Indian National Congress has now come back to Bombay as a mighty national force and the prophet of the Congress will be remembered for all time. He is such a man as Buddha and Christ were and he is the Messiah of a new gospel of freedom for the world. If one Viceroy dismissed the Congress as a microscopic minority another Viceroy considers Mahatma Gandhi fit only for the prison. A Liberator is always a menace to the so-called trustees of empires.

* * * * * *

The Congress is the Indian nation. All the subtleties about minorities, different religions and conflicting interests do not affect this central fact. There is no question at all of the adjustment of claims, the division of power and the security of small sections. It is wholly the realisation of a driving power, the determination to attain a definite objective. Without the Congress the Indian nation would have remained an unrealised dream.

* * * * * *

The Congress seeks nothing for itself that it will withhold from any section of the community. Hindu, Mussalman, Sikh, Parsi, Christian, untouchable, all will be there, brothers all and children of the same Mother, equal partners and equal sharers in the weal and woe of the nation. The Congress enfolds all and embraces all.

* * * * * *

We are conscious of a feeling of elation, a new sense of self-respect, but few of us can realise the miracle that is happening before our eyes. Two hundred years hence the world will wonder at the history that is being made to-day, in the prison-cell and on the platform, under the blows of the lathi and in the halls of justice. For the first time in the history of the human race a nation is struggling for freedom without a trace of violence. It were as if the Buddha or the Christ were again walking on the earth, followed by a peaceful but determined nation.

* * * * * *

The Government is what all Governments have been in all ages. There is the same absence of all originality, the same determination to repress the irrepressible, the same stock phrases, the same lavish use of the prison and force, oblivious altogether of the glaring lesson of history that these measures have been tried by all Governments and they have invariably failed.

* * * * * *

It is the movement of national assertion which is original and is filling the world with amazement. On one hand there is a vast population carefully and systematically disarmed, on the other a Government fully armed. How can the people impose their will upon the Government? And yet fifty years ago an Englishman, Henry Seeley

(Continued on page 6.)

ASQUITH ON THE PRESENT DISCONTENTS

AN APT PARALLEL.

(BY M. C. CHAGLA).

I was turning over the pages of a collection of the speeches of the late Lord Oxford and Asquith. The very first was the maiden speech he delivered in the House of Commons in so remote an antiquity as March, 24th, 1887, on ccercion in Ireland. As I read it, I rubbed my eyes to make sure whether it was not a speech delivered in 1930 on repression in India. The speech breathes the spirit of old Liberalism, a political philosophy which has become extinct in the hands of the Welsh wizard, Mr. Lloyd George, and that Jewish necromancer, Lord Reading, who are at present the keepers of that great party's conscience. Liberal doctrines no longer inspire or actuate British statesmanship. Sir John Simon, it is sad to remember, an old lieutenant of Mr. Asquith, puts his signature to so illiberal a document as the Simon Report. An enlightened Viceroy defends and justifies the Press Ordinance and the Ordinance against picketing. A Labour Premier takes opportunity of the Empire Day to beat the big drum of unabashed Imperialism.

PANIC-MONGERS.

The Anglo-Indian Press is well defined. "The panic-mongers of the Press, gentlemen to whom every political combination is a conspiracy, and to whom every patriot is a rebel." Boycotting is not a weapon that has been used for the first time by our country. Ireland used it with tremendous effect—in fact she was responsible for having contributed that word to political phraseology. Asquith's comment on the Ordinance that seeks to destroy or blunt the edge of that weapon is worth recalling. "Boycotting is one of those impalpable things which legislation cannot reach, and the only remedy for it is to alter the conditions out of which it springs." Asquith, then, discusses the difficulty that the British Government experienced in Ireland of securing convictions in courts of law—a difficulty from which the Indian Government is completely free. And instead of proposing an ordinance to meet it, Asquith goes to the root of the matter. "The difficulty which we have to provide for, is the difficulty which arises from the fact that the great mass of the population in Ireland are alienated from the law and have no sympathy with its administration."

POLITICAL IMPOSTURE.

Asquith's withering analysis of the scheme of reforms set out in the Simon Report, and which the Viceroy described as a 'weighty and constructive contribution to a most difficult problem,' is very opportune. "There is much virtue in government of the people, by the people, for the people. There is much also to be said for a powerful and well-equipped autocracy, but between the two, there is no logical or statesmanlike halting-place." I make a present of this sentiment to Sir John Simon, to the conveners of the Round Table Conference, and to those who are preparing to attend it. But in the concluding sentence of his speech he uses a severer, but perfectly just, epithet for the much-vaunted proposals of the Simon Seven. He frankly calls them a political imposture. "For the hybrid system which the Government is about to set up, a system which pretends to be that which it is not, and is not what it pretends to be, a system which cannot be either resolutely repressive or frankly popular—for this half-hearted compromise there is inevitably reserved the inexorable sentence which history shows must fall on every form of political imposture."

NOTES OF THE WEEK

Will They Explain?

We published on Monday some amazing circulars, copies of which, a correspondent from Poona, who sent them to us, assures us are being distributed to Government servants. He says the circulars bear no imprint and it is difficult to ascertain, therefore, where they have been printed. Are they further attempts to enlighten the public regarding the benevolence of a paternal Government and to expose for their benefit the "folly" of the Congress and the "harm" of Mahatma Gandhi's doctrines? It will be recalled that ridiculous attempts in this direction have been made under official auspices. One of the leaflets which sought to "educate" the masses regarding the want of integrity and ability of Indian businessmen was so offensive that Government were obliged to withdraw it from circulation. Are the three circulars we published issued under Government authority? If not are Government taking steps to stop their distribution as "unauthorised news sheets" under the latest Ordinance?

Absurd.

The author or authors of this egregious propaganda to vilify and misrepresent the Indian national movement evidently imagine that the Indian ryot is a very gullible person. Do they really suppose that he will take as gospel truth the assertion in one of the circulars that the Sarkar spends the revenue from land on roads, irrigation, hospitals and schools in order to better the condition of the cultivator. The ryot will ask how much of this revenue feeds the military Moloch and how much goes to finance the nation-building activities? In another circular the amazing and insulting statement is made that Congressmen are "determined to make money out of the poor for their own purposes." "You have the right to buy what you like," the ryot is told, "insist on doing so." And this advice is tendered with the evident hope that the ryot will patronise British goods. But in a sense it is good that this exhortation occurs in these fatuous circulars. The ryot will insist on buying "what he likes"—Swadeshi products.

Why This Delay?

It is now a week that the Government of India took the unusual step of supplying a Press Agency a summary of the report of the Committee of Inquiry into the Peshawar happenings of April 23 and their comments upon the report. But they have so far withheld from the public gaze the whole report. Why is there so much delay in issuing the whole report? The official committee's observations have been belauded in the Anglo-Indian Press on the strength of the summary issued by the Government of India while the public has expressed its keen dissatisfaction over its findings. Why not let the public have the whole report immediately? Where is the hitch?

Mr. Andrews' Warning.

A frank analysis of Vol. I of the Simon Report is made in the "Nation and Athenaeum" in mail week by Mr. C. F. Andrews. With his true insight into Indian temperament this friend of India has no difficulty in pointing out that the Simon Seven "have been singularly out of touch with the inner movement of Indian national life; and, therefore, unable to appreciate its profound effect in welding together the whole Indian nation of the future." Mr. Andrews notes the All-White Commission's "almost uniformly hostile attitude towards Mahatma Gandhi" and places before his countrymen the reasons why the Report would be universally condemned in India. He warns Britain to get rid of the superiority complex in dealing with India, a warning which, we are afraid, will fall on deaf ears.

Self-Respect Forbids.

The "air of superiority" running through the Report, which Mr. Andrews says, "is not far removed from the self-righteousness of the Pharisees" is resented by Indians, to whatever political school they belong. We note that Mr. Andrews endorses the view entertained by Indian Liberal leaders in London that the Viceroy's speech opens out a path of conciliation and that "the opportunity of coming to a mutual understanding should not be lost." But so long as the object of the Round Table Conference is not defined in a manner satisfactory to Mahatma Gandhi, no self-respecting Indian leader will attend it. With his deep appreciation of Mahatmaji's personality and his sympathy with Indian Nationalism, it should not be difficult for Mr. Andrews, to understand why Indians to-day are declaring a boycott of the Conference farce.

BAN ON GANDHI CAP.

Government Of India Not Officially Cognisant

MOTION TO DISCUSS PESHAWAR REPRESSION RULED OUT.

MR. HAIG'S EFFORTS TO BRING HARMONY IN FRONTIER PROVINCE.

(From Our Special Correspondent)

SIMLA, July 14.

The Indian Princes, who are present here to discuss all matters relating to the States and the Round Table Conference, are meeting the Viceroy to-day each separately. But from discussions among themselves it would appear that, while the Government have fixed 12 as the number of persons to represent the States at the London Conference, the Princes are fighting for two more. The Viceroy is reported to be keen that, whatever the number that might eventually be present at the Conference on behalf of the States there should be among them, the principal States of Hyderebed and Mysore.

The question of selecting suitable representatives for smaller States has also been engaging the Viceroy's attention and it is believed that when the personnel is announced there will be in it the Maharaja of Rewa to represent the Orthodox States and the Chief of Sangli to represent the smaller States. These two and Hyderabad and Mysore being certain, at least eight more have to be chosen.

Of course Col. Haksar is among this eight for the Princes as a whole group and I hear one other person not belonging to the order of the Princes is to be included. But two are mentioned, namely, Sir Manubhai Mehta, who has 21 years of record of service in the States and Mr. Rushbrook Williams who has been Foreign Minister of Patiala for the last five years. While the Maharaja of Bikaner is anxious to see Sir Manubhai in the Maharaja of Patiala is equally keen for Mr. Rushbrook Williams. Despite a whole day's discussion there has been no agreement so far as to the final choice between these two.

There has been a good deal of further conversations among the Princes on the question of paramountcy and the rights of intervention, but the Government circles are said to be advising the Princes present to postpone the final consideration of these two, at any rate the first one, till after the Round Table Conference is over.

SIMLA, July 14.

The Legislative Assembly met to-day to transact official business which was mostly non-controversial but the main interest was roused by the reported motion of adjournment on the Frontier situation and by Sir George Rainy's resolution for deferring for ten years the purchase of the Assam Bengal Railway.

Question hour proved interesting. Mr. Haig replying to a question by Mr. B. Das said in upholding the discharge of Ghulam Kasim Khan, D. Sup. of Police, Peshawar, for gathering large sums of money by illegitmate means Government had accepted the minority view of the Public Service Commission as against the majority view. While normal convention was to accept the majority view of a Commission, Government reserved the right in exceptional circumstances like the one mentioned to differ from the majority view.

Sir George Schuster replying to Mr. Bishwanath Misra said Government did not believe that salt tax either imposed hardship or caused legitimate discontent.

Mr. Haig replying to Mr. S. C. Misra said though Mr. Gandhi could be successfully prosecuted under the ordinary law, having regard to circumstances the Government thought public interest would be better served by Mr. Gandhi's detention under the Bombay Regulation.

Mr. Gyaprasad Singh: "What were these circumstances?"

Mr. Haig: One of the main considerations was that it would be more in accordance with public feeling certainly in the Bombay Presidency.

Mr. Haig replying to the next question of Mr. S. C. Misra said that while the civil disobedience movement was in progress no question of the nature of an amnesty to political prisoners could arise.

Mr. Chawla and Mr. Engineer, the airmen who conquered the London-India route, came into the Distinguished Visitors Gallery as questions were being asked.

A large number of supplementary questions were asked about the frontier situation by Mr. Jinnah replying to which Mr. Haig said the situation had considerably improved. Mr. Jinnah suggested as the Sulaiman Report and Government resolution had not satisfied the people, the Government should consult the Muslim leaders in Simla with a view to bringing about harmony in the Frontier Province.

IMPROVED FRONTIER POSITION.

Mr. Haig said conciliation had to be brought about in the Province itself. This was being done actively through the assistance of local leaders. Sir Fazli Hussain visited the Province and the tone and temper had much improved.

Mr. Jinnah pressed his point of view.

Mr. Howell, Foreign Secretary, replying said if the suggestion was that there should be a conference between the leaders now in Simla and the Government officers, he welcomed the suggestion.

Mr. Gyaprasad Singh: Hindus have also a right to be consulted.

Mr. Jinnah: I never suggested that it would be confined to Muslim leaders.

NONE YET INVITED TO R.T.C.

Mr. Haig replying to Mr. Acharya said that no person had been yet invited to the Round Table Conference. (Applause). (A Voice Will Mr. Acharya be invited?) (Laughter).

Sir Harisingh Gour. Will the Government state what would be the character of British representation at the Conference?

Mr. Haig: The matter is still under consideration.

Mr. Jayakar: It is very desirable to have an authoritative statement on the subject.

Mr. Haig: When a decision is arrived at an authoritative statement will be made.

REPRESSIVE MEASURES.

The President announced a motion for adjournment by Moulvi Shafi Daudi to discuss the continuance of repressive measures on the Frontier Province.

Mr. Haig objected to it as the matter raised was neither urgent nor definite and that it could have been discussed under the ordinary procedure of the House.

Moulvi Shafi Daudi said owing to strictest censorship nothing true could be known. He came in possession of facts only on Saturday morning through two persons who had come from the Frontier and give him definite information regarding, for instance, the action of the military in a village in Swabi Tahsil, where not only property was damaged but also persons of inmates were molested. The same happened in village in Charsadda Tahsil.

mentioned any specific case in

President: But you have not your motion.

MOTION NOT URGENT.

Moulvi Shafi Daudi said he had definite instances bearing on the policy.

Mr. Fazal Rahimtoola, Mr. Ziauddin, Raja Ghazanfar Ali, Syed Murtaza and Sir Harisingh Gour supported the motion. After twenty-five minutes discussion the President spoke for ten minutes stating that he had given anxious thought to the motion and he assured the House that he was as much distresed as any one else but the motion must be in accord with the rules of the House. If any specific instance had been mentioned or if the unsatisfactory character of the Suleiman Report had been maintained the question would have been different but the motion was out of order being neither definite nor urgent.

Sir Abul Qayum asked whether the proposed conference on the Frontier question was not enough.

A NOMINATED MEMBER.

President: The member from the Frontier did not take part in the discussion when the subject was being discussed.

Mr. Suhrawardy. He is a nominated member. (Laughter).

The House then proceeded with the normal business.

Sir George Schuster laid on the table the preliminary report of Mr. Jukes on the enquiry into expenditure of the Central Government in six years ending 1929-30 This report is not about retrenchment.

The House passed without a debate the Indian Lac Cess Bill Negotiable Instruments Amendments Bill and Forest Act Amendment Bill.

BENARES UNIVERSITY FINANCES.

The Assembly next passed the Telegraph Amendment Bill moved by Sir J. W. Bhore, the Bombay Civil Courts Act Amendment Bill moved by Mr. Haig, and the Benares Hindu University Act moved by Sir Frank Noyce. Sir Frank told the House that both the Government and the University were agreed on the need for a strong Finance committee and Government were anxious that, when they were making a large grant, they should not face another bombshell fifteen years hence but should know how the money was being spent.

ALL ABOUT LABOUR.

The House next passed the following two resolutions moved by Sir George Rainy. This assembly having considered.

(1) the Draft Convention concerning protection against accidents of workers employed in loading or unloading of ships, (2) the recommendation concerning reciprocity as regards protection against accidents of workers employed in loading or unloading of ships and (3) the recommendation concerning consultation of workers' and employers' organisations in the drawing up of regulations dealing with the safety of workers employed in the loading or unloading of ships adopted by the international labour conference at its twelfth session, recommends to the Governor General in Council that he should examine the possibility of giving effect to the above Convention and recommendations and that the results of this examination be placed before the Assembly within eighteen months from this date.

Professor Ranga regretted the delay in bringing the matter forward and criticised the Government.

DOCK WORKERS.

Sir George Rainy replying assured the House that when the legislation was brought up the cases of dock workers both at sea-ports and inland ports would be considered.

The next resolution of the commerce member which was passed by the House ran, this Assembly recommends to the Governor-General in Council that he should ratify the draft convention concerning marking of weight on heavy packages transported by vessels which has been adopted by the international labour conference at its 12th session held at Geneva in May-June 1929.

Non-official business was transacted to-day.

Mr. Emerson told Mr. Surpat Singh that the Government had no official information that the wearing of Gandhi caps was prohibited anywhere, but in view of the statements in the Press the Government of India were making enquiries of the Madras Government.

Mr. Emerson informed Mr. Sukhraj Roy that while Civil Disobedience movement was in progress no question of general amnesty could arise.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

Sir Phiroze Sethna moved that steps be taken to give effect to the recommendations of Sir Mahomed Habibullah and other members of the Indian Delegation to the League of Nations last year. He welcomed the Government announcement that the Maharaja of Bikaner who was noted for his ability, knowledge and sympathy with the aspirations of the British Indians and Indian Indians as a whole would lead this year's delegation. The Government should give effect to the unanimous recommendations of six persons who composed last year's delegation.

Sir Brojendra Mitter in a lengthy speech emphasised that the Government were giving effect to some recommendations. They were unable to accept the other recommendations at present but were not unsympathetic.

Mr. Desikachari supported the resolution as India, he said, should not play the second fiddle to Britain.

Sir Pheroze Sethna withdrew his resolution after emphasising that it should not be difficult to secure delegates from those once selected who would be prepared to act as delegates for at least two or three years.—A. P.

SARDAR REPUDIATES JAYAKAR'S LIBEL.

(Continued from page 1.)

would attend the Conference would represent only themselves and would be definitely repudiated by the country.

ONLY A MOONSHINE.

Continuing she asked: "Has not the "Manchester Guardian", the custodian of the commercial and industrial interests of Great Britain, told us plainly that all talk of establishing Responsible Government in India at an early date is merely a moonshine. Has not Mr. Winston Churchill again made it quite plain that "No responsible person supposes for a moment that the forthcoming Round Table Conference can produce Dominion Status for India, or that Dominion Status is likely to be obtained within the lifetime of anyone now living." He rightly remarks that there is no advantage in encouraging false hopes. Thank God! We of the Congress persuasion have no such false hopes as are cherished by some of our so-called practical politicians at Simla.

WILL FIGHT TO A FINISH.

The results of the Conference will certainly not cast us back in anger and despondency because we have no illusions in the matter. We read 'Britain's Nay' to our India's Demand for Dominion Status in the Viceroy's statement and we are out for a fight to the finish. We will leave no alternative to Government except to bend down to the Nation's Will at no distant date.

FOR THE FIRST TIME ON CONGRESS PLATFORM.

Mr. Surji Vallabhdas addressing a Congress meeting for the first time said that so long he had kept quiet because he was advised to do so by the Congress authorities. He supported the appeal made by the President, Mrs. Hansa Mehta, and exhorted the audience to enlist in their hundreds of thousands as Congress members.

He appealed to the women to join in their large numbers the Desh Sevika Sangh and to take up the work of propagating Swadeshi and eradicating the drink evil. He advised the Bombay public to give a lead to the rest of India as they had done so far.

DON'T TRUST BRITAIN.

Mr. Dholu, a Parsi Satyagrahi, who has been recently released from the Worli Jail emphasised the need of boycotting foreign cloth and all British goods and said that they should not put any confidence in the promises that Britain might make as they had seen how Britain broke her promises once her end was served.

Sardar Jamiat Singh made a fervent appeal to the audience to enlist as Congress members.

Mr. Baba Saheb and Mr. Altekar also joined in the appeal.

JOIN CONGRESS RANKS.

Dr. Abdus Sallam, who comes from Bihar, congratulated Sir Ali Imam on his joining the Congress. He said that when Mr. and Mrs. Hasan Imam happened to see men like Prof. Abdul Bari being mercilessly belaboured by the police they could not help joining the Congress that was how Government repression was helping the movement and swelling the Congress ranks.

WHO'S WHO ACCUSED IN SHOLAPUR.

Mr. Kanhayalal, who had been to Sholapur, and made inquiries about what happened there before and during the Martial Law regime described what he had seen. He introduced the four accused in the murder case who had been sentenced to death and in whose appeal in the Bombay High Court judgment had been delivered that very day.

Mallappa Dhanshetti, he said, was a wealthy merchant and a staunuch follower of Mahatma Gandhi's teaching of non-violence. He and another accused Mr. Jagannath Shinde were influential men of the city and were so recognised by the officials also.

Shri Kishen Narayan Sarda, another accused was a Marwari money-lender. He hardly took any interest in politics except that he used to wear Khaddar.

A LABOUR WORKER.

Abdul Rasul Qurban Husein, the fourth accused, was a young Muslim belonging to the Bohra community who had interested himself in Labour movement there and was known to be a very honest and conscientious national worker.

Concluding he hoped that the report of the Inquiry Committee under the chairmanship of Mr. Bhulabhai Desai would bring all the facts to light.

Mr. Mallick also addressed the meeting before it concluded.

LAWYERS' PROCESSION IN BOMBAY.

Sympathy With Swaraj Movement.

The inauguration of he "Congress Week" was celebrated on Monday by the Bombay lawyers who took out a procession from the Congress House at 9 p.m. The procession which included about 200 pleaders, barristers and solicitors all dressed on white Khaddar marched in files of two, headed by Mr. Balubhai T. Desai, who carried the Swaraj Flag. Shouting national slogans, they paraded through Girgaum Back Road, C. P. Tank and Bhuleshwar reaching the Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade at 9-45 p.m. where they dispersed.

"THE INDIAN DAILY MAIL'S" VOLTE FACE

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—The "Indian Daily Mail" has again changed its front. From the way in which some Liberal members of the Central Legislatures jumped at the Viceregal "offer", one should not have been surprised, if the local organ of Liberalism had merely supported the Round Table Conference idea. But it is entirely metamorphosed. "Scrutator" of the "I. D. M." has lately been known to be an impartial and fearless critic of police methods in Bombay. But the most objectionable part of his Saturday's effusion is the contempt, with which he ridicules the humanitarian work of that noble band of selfless red-cross workers, who at great personal risk were removing and giving first-aid to the victims of lathi charges. As regards the casualties, a visit to the Congress Hospital to ascertain whether they were genuine or feigned, should prove to be an eye-opener to him.

"Scrutator" takes all that very lightly and describes the account of the incidents published in your journal—in the opinion of many, a mild under-estimate of the affair—as "hair-raising".

Obsessed by what one "young fellow" told him earlier in the day, "Scrutator" jumped to the conclusion that the views expressed by one sympathiser of the Congress must necessarily be the views of all Congressmen. The result has been a diatribe, a garbled version of Friday's incidents, self-contradictory in many places and, curiously enough, repudiated by the account published on another page in the same journal, inadequate though it was. Those who stand for purity of journalism will regret our friend "Scrutator's" degeneration and 'volte face'.—Yours, etc.,

R. B. SANGHVI.

Ghatkopar, July 14.

II.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—It is with much regret that I have to crave the hospitality of your columns to call public attention to the uncalled-for and for insulting language used by the "Indian Daily Mail" on last Friday's lathi charge at Bori Bunder in its Saturday's issue.

We can overlook the fact that the policy of the paper should be changed to create atmosphere for a Round Table Conference because Sir Chimanlal Setalvad and Sir Phiroze Sethna are going in for it. But this should not give that paper a free passport to support Mr. Benn's statement that the force used by sergeants was the "minimum".

I only ask your readers to see that this paper is completely boycotted and appeal to you to start with an evening edition to take its place. Boycott "Indian Daily Mail."—Yours, etc.,

M. DESAI.

Bombay, July 14.

NATIONAL FLAG ON ALMORA MUNICIPAL BUILDING.

Troops With Lewis Gun Used To Prevent Its Hoisting.

SEARCHING QUESTIONS IN U. P. COUNCIL.

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAINITAL, July 12.

At a meeting of the U. P. Legislative Council at Nainital:—

Mr. Mathuraprasad Merhotra asked why were non-violent Satyagrahis beaten with lathis and batons at Muttra, Agra, Benares, Nainital, Almora, Lucknow and other places?

The Finance Member replying said Government had no reason to believe that in dispersing unlawful assemblies under Section 128 Cr. P. C. more force was used than was necessary in the circumstances.

Questioned further the Finance Member refuted the allegation that rich rewards were given to the Police for beating volunteers at Agra, Nainital, Lucknow and other places.

NATIONAL FLAG WILL CAUSE ANNOYANCE.

There was a long string of questions regarding incidents at Almora on 27th May 1930 and the answers elicited the following version of incidents.

On 26th May certain members of Almora Municipal Board in the absence of the Chairman and other members passed a resolution that the National Flag should be hoisted on Almora Municipal Building. Next day Mr. F. W. Baynes, District Magistrate, passed orders under 144 Cr. P. C. directing Vice-President, Secretary and 4 other members of Almora Board and the public generally not to hoist or permit hoisting of the so-called National Flag on the building or in its compound, as it was likely to cause annoyance to a large number of persons and thus cause disturbance of public tranquility. On the evening of the 27th May some Congress Volunteers led by Sir Victor Joshi and followed by a crowd came to the Municipal premises with a National Flag.

The District Magistrate declared the gathering unlawful and directed the crowd to disperse within ten minutes. The main body of crowd retired some 40 or 50 yards down the road and remained there and the rest who were presumably volunteers remained with the flag and refused to disperse.

THE FACT.

It was incorrect that troops drew up a cordon round the volunteers and then beat them. The fact was the District Magistrate asked the senior military officer present to disperse the crowd under Section 129 Cr. P. C. A cordon was later drawn across the street to prevent the crowd returning to the spot. Troops were ordered to remove the flag; it was not destroyed. Troops used in the dispersal of the crowd were armed with pickhalves only; there were 50 armed troops with rifles and two N. C. O.'s and 12 riflemen carrying pickhalves all under a British Officer at scene of disturbance.

LEWIS GUN.

They had one Lewis Gun with them which formed part of their normal equipment. Several volunteers were injured and some of them were admitted to hospital. A boy whose age was recorded as 15 in the hospital records was brought in about two hours after the disturbance and was admitted to the hospital, suffering from a contused wound on leg and abrasion on chest. It was thought he sustained those injuries by being pushed down on some steps by the crowd, as it stampeded. Two volunteers received injuries on the head.

JUDGES DIFFER IN SHOLAPUR MURDER APPEAL.

Madgaonker J. On Discrepancies In Evidence

DHANSHETTI SENTENCED TO DEATH.

Differing judgments were delivered by the Chief Justice Mr. Beaumont and Mr. Justice Madgaoker at the Bombay High Court with regard to the three accused in the Sholapur Murder appeal. Mr. Justice Madgaoker set aside the conviction of the second, third and fourth accused, giving them the benefit of the doubt, while the Chief Justice holds all the accused guilty. Accordingly, the death sentence of the first accused Malappa Dhanshetti, a Hindu leader, is confirmed; while the appeal of the other three accused will be tried afresh by another judge under Section 117 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

The names of the accused are (1) Malappa Dhanshetti, whose sentence is confirmed by both judges, (2) Shrikishna Narayan Sarda, a Marwadi money-lender (3) Jugannath Bhagwan Shinde and (4) Abdul Rasul Kurbanhussein, editor of a labour journal in Sholapur.

The Chief Justice, after narrating the sequence of events following the hartal in Sholapur on May 8 for Mahatma Gandhi's arrest, dealt with the evidence and arguments on both sides. He dealt with Mr. Bhulabhai Desai's point for the defence that the police witness did not mention the names of the accused during the investigations which started two days after the murder. His Lordship thought that such an omission would raise a suspicion of the police witnesses were examined formally. But as the police witnesses were giving a general account of the event, the omission was not a sufficient ground for disbelieving their evidence.

Another point raised by the defence was that there were discrepancies in the evidence of prosecution witnesses. On this point the decision of the Sessions Judge who had the opportunity of seeing the demeanour of the witnesses must carry weight. If the prosecution evidence was manufactured, it could easily have been shattered in the lower court. The police evidence was corroborated in material particulars by the evidence of outside witnesses. The evidence in the case, taken as a whole, when considered judicially, lept no reasonable doubt that all the four accused dragged the murdered policemen from the Police Chowki; and that the second accused poured kerosine oil on the body of one of the victims and set fire to it. They were proved to be among the crowd whose common object was to murder the policemen.

The Chief Justice, therefore, confirmed the death sentence of all the four accused and dismissed their appeal.

JUSTICE MADGAOKER.

Mr. Justice Madgaoker then delivered his judgment. His Lordship observed that in all criminal cases while the opinion of the lower court and the assessors must be given due weight, it was the duty of the High Court to consider the evidence and see if there was any reasonable doubt as to the guilt of the accused. In this case it was unfortunate that all the accused were represented by a single counsel, for if each accused was represented by a separate counsel, it would be easier to consider their case separately.

His Lordship said that the main question was whether the Court should believe the evidence of prosecution witnesses who deposed that they saw the four accused dragging out the murdered policeman from the Chowki. To his Lordship's mind, the discrepancies in their evidence left some doubt. When the investigations were started, the police witnesses were safe at the Railway Station, and it was impossible to conceive that, if they had really seen the accused dragging the policemen, they should have omitted to mention the names of the accused who were known to be leaders in the town. Fright would not be an adequate explanation for the omission of such an important fact. Even before the Committing Magistrate, the name of the third accused was omitted by one witness. Further, the statement of the police did not mention the names of the accused, but only said "the rioters dragged out."

As regards the outside witnesses, three of them who were fitters working in a mill deposed that they watched the accused from the top of a roof at some distance. These men were men of no substance in Sholapur, and their evidence could not be regarded as trustworthy particularly as they could not have observed accurately from a distance.

DOUBLE-EDGED ARGUMENT.

Proceeding Mr. Justice Madgaonker referred to the argument of the Advocate-General that martial law had created a panic, which explained the discrepancies in the evidence. But this argument, said his Lordship, was double-edged, and would cut both ways. It would also lend colour to the defence contention that taking advantage of the panic, the police could put up persons to give evidence as they liked. Moreover the four accused were already sentenced to two years under martial law before the investigations for the murder were started. It was, therefore, easy to get their names mentioned by witnesses. His Lordship was not unmindful of the great difficulty of getting proper evidence in case of riots like this; but he was unable to say that in this case there was sufficient material to support the conviction of all the accused. The second accused was a Marwadi money-lender, and it was improbable that he would touch the corpse of a Mahomedan policeman and set fire to it. Men of some position like accused 1 and 2, might help the demonstration with money, but would not, generally speaking, take a prominent part in dangerous riots.

As regards the first accused his Lordship held that there was sufficient evidence that he was in the mob near the police Chowki whose common object was to murder the policemen, and therefore he was guilty of murder under Section 302 of the Penal Code.

As regards the other three accused, his Lordship thought that the evidence left reasonable doubt about their guilt. His Lordship, therefore, differed from the Chief Justice, and set aside their conviction.

The Chief Justice then discussed the position with the Government Pleader Mr. Shingne who replied that the case of the three accused should be referred to a third judge under Section 317 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

An early date for the fresh hearing will be fixed convenient to the Advocate-General and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai who is now out of Bombay.

EX-M. L. C. ARRESTED.

Congress Activities At Akola.

AKOLA, July 14.

Messrs. Biyani and Gote, both ex-M.L.C. were arrested under Section 108.

Mr. Biyani was served with summons at his residence when a large crowd gathered there. His message to the people is to keep non-violent and carry the present fight to a successful close.

The town observed hartal. The trial takes place on the 16th inst. —Free Press.

NELLORE CONGRESS OFFICE RAIDED.

National Flag Confiscated.

NELLORE, July 14.

The Congress office was raided by the Police who took away national flags, photos, glass jars, and hundies, and six persons were arrested.—Free Press.

VILLAGERS FIRED UPON.

For Alleged Assault On Police.

MEERUT, July 14.

Authoritative information has reached here that while a sub-inspector of police aided by two constables was executing an attachment warrant at the village of Minnagarsarai, 23 miles from Meerut, a mob of about 500 attacked the Police party and attempted to thwart them.

The warrant was for the realisation of a fine of Rs. 100 imposed by a court on Mr. Sitalprasad, who was sentenced under the Salt Act.

The mob having assumed a threatening attitude the Sub-Inspector of Police, after due warning, fired one round with his revolver killing one aggressor.

The District Magistrate and the Superintendent of Police proceeded to the spot on receipt of information and the former is making enquiries. The situation is now quiet.

The sub-inspector and the constables received a number of injuries. It is not known whether there were any injuries on the side of the mob. Congressmen are also holding an inquiry. Mr. Sitalprasad was arrested in the same village some days ago but there was no trouble at that time. —A. P.

SIMLA VOLUNTEERS ARRESTED

SIMLA, July 14.

Two Congress volunteers were arrested this afternoon by the police on the Mall.—A. P.

The Children !

Parents cannot evade responsibility.

If you are parent and your child is peevish, listless or unhappy, do not blame the child but think whether you have not done or omitted to do something to prevent that state of things.

Children should be merry and happy even in cities and still more so in the country. Your children are loved and tended, well fed and properly clothed, if they are miserable and moping, there is a cause. Have you seen that their blood is kept pure?

A course of Iron Jelloids No. 1 for children, may make for your children as it has for others all the difference between bounding health and drooping sickliness. IRON is an essential constituent of good red blood, and Iron Jelloids will ensure the assimilation of the life giving iron into the blood speedily, effectively and permanently.

IRON Jelloid are scientifically manufactured, free from all animal contamination, and from first to last are entirely untouched by hand.

On sale everywhere, 14 days' trial Re. 1. Full size bottle (40 days' supply) Rs. 2-12.

2 B. C.

AN APPEAL

To The

SHAREHOLDERS and CLIENTS

OF

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, Ltd.

THE CENTRAL BANK is to-day the largest Bank established in India, and has the good fortune to possess 22,000 Shareholders and about 50,000 clients, in Bombay alone.

We now want to see the number of our clients doubled. This is but possible! Let each of our cited.

S. N. POCHKHANAWALA,
Managing Director.

EARN Rs. 300 PER MONTH

Learn practically or by post best and cheapest soaps (Rs. 4 per maund) from two graduates and earn Rs. 300 a month. Ten times money refunded if failure. Particulars with testimonials of successful candidates, sellers and of buyers free. SOAP TRAINING HOUSE, Saidpur, E. B. Rly. (Bengal).

THE

Royal Yakuti

A Wonderful Tonic Restorative.

This Yakuti of life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has wonderful properties in toning up the system. In fact, it makes man a man. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities not only by our Rajas, Maharajas, Nawabs and many of the nobility, aristocracy and gentry in this country, but it is greatly patronized by people in all countries of Europe, America, Asia and Africa. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We recommend it especially to those persons who desire to guard against debility. Suffice it to say, that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the Ayurvedic medicines. Price per tin containing 50 pills, Rupees Ten only.

DR. KALIDAS MOTIRAM,
RAJKOT (Kathiawar).

Stocked by Messrs. Kemp & Co., Ltd., Bombay.

SHIPPING NEWS

Export & Import

ARRIVALS.
—:o:—
July 14th.

Chinkoa, Robinson, Java.
Quedan, Smith, Java.
Argonanta, Vine, Miri.
Norumburg, Albreech, Makasai.
C/Venice, Browne, Liverpool,
Nurjehan, Peet, Rangoon.

DEPARTURES.
July 15.

Hatimura, Ceyres, London.

LOADING.
July 14th.

Steamer Clan Macbride for Dunkirk.
Steamer Jalarashmi for Rangoon.
Steamer C/Venice for New York.
Steamer Queda for Karachi.

S.S. Chinkoa:—The B. I. S. N. Coy.'s steamer Chinkoa, arrived in harbour yesterday from Java, with a cargo of sugar.

S.S. Queda:—The B. I. S. N. Coy.'s steamer Queda, arrived in harbour yesterday from Java, with a cargo of sugar.

S.S. Norumburg:—The Volkert Bros.' steamer Norumburg arrived in harbour yesterday from Makasai, with a general cargo and 3 passengers.

S.S. Argonanta:—The B. S. O. S. & D. Coy.'s steamer Argonanta, arrived in harbour yesterday from Miri, with a cargo of kerosene oil.

S.S. C/Venice:—The K. N. Coy.'s steamer City of Venice, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool, with a general cargo.

S.S. Nurjehan:—The T. M. Coy.'s steamer Nurjehan, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon, with a general cargo.

S.S. Hatimura:—The M. M. & Coy.'s steamer Hatimura, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for London, with a general cargo.

OUTWARD MAILS.

S.S. Razmak:—Carrying mails of June 28. Left Aden July 14. Due Bombay July 18 (6 a.m.).

S.S. Mooltan:—Carrying mails of July 3. Left Port Said July 10.

VESSELS IN THE DOCKS
ALEXANDRA DOCK.
MONDAY, 14th July, 1930.

2 Rawalpindi London 26-7 M M and Co.
2 Chinkoa NF NF M M & Co.
6 Canara NF, NF, M M & Co.
7 C/Venice NF, NF, K Nixon & Co.
9 Naumburg Hamburg 19-7 Volkart Bros.
10 Karapara E Africa 30-7 M M and Co.
11 Hatimura, Hull, 15-7, M M and Co.
14 Khandalla, E Africa, 16-7, M M and Co.

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Sumatra Maru, Kobe, 19-7 O S Kaisha.
2 Clan Macbride Coast Ports 22-7 J Finlay & Co.
3 Barpeta, P Gulf, 16-7, M M and Co.
4 Varela NF, NF, M M & Co.
9 Branbrome Hall Karachi 22-7 J Finlay and Co.
16 Laxmi, P Gulf, NF, NF, R Assaria and Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK

A Juleit NF 15-7 L Edwards Ltd.
B Dogra, Rangoon, 14-7 T M and Co.
C R Jaladuta Calcutta 16-7 Scindia S N Co.
D E Gazana Karachi 15-7 M M and Co.
F Alavi, Red Sea Ports, 15-7, T Morrison and Co.
K Vita, Busrah, 18-7, M M and Co.
N Dalgoma, NF, NF, M M and Co.
P Durendon Calcutta 19-7 M M and Co.
Q Padua Cochin NF New B S Ltd.

GENERAL LANDING DATES.

Sophie Marie 11-7-30.
Parvati 11-7-30.
Dalgoma 12-7-30.

STEAMERS EXPECTED.
FROM LONDON.

Mooltan 18-7-30 P and O S N Co.
Kaiser-i-Hind 25-7-30 P and O S N Co.

FROM PLYMOUTH.

Trekane 25-7-30 M M & Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Hesien 25-7 J. F. Co.
Castalia 4-8 G. T. Co.
City of Benares 16-8 K. N. Co.
City of Lahore 26-8 K. N. Co
Tarantia 28-8 G. T. B.

FROM HAMBURG

Lanterfels 19-7-30 L Edward.
Altenfels 30-7 L Edward Ld.
Brounfels 4-8 L. Edward Ld.
Lichtenfels, 19-8, L. Edward Ld.
Trifels 30-8 L. Edward Ld.

FROM GENOA

Sumatra 19-7-30 M Italiana
Riow 19-7-30 T M Co.
Genoa 17-7-30 M Italiana
Arabia 22-7-30 M Italiana

FROM TRIESTE.

Pilsna 25-7-30 L T Co.

FROM ROTTERDAM.

Konderkerk 13-7-30 E D Sassoon and Co.
Bovenkerk 2-8-30 E D Sassoon and Co.
Streefkerk 24-8 30 E D Sassoon and Co.
Ltd.

FROM NEW YORK.

City of Newcastle 26-7-30 F F Campbell & Co
City of Kimberley 15-7-30 F F Campbell & Co.

GENERAL LANDING DATES.

Alipur 12-7-30.
Jaladuta 12-7-30.
Padma 12-7-30.
Sumatra Maru 12-7-30.
Simla 12-7-30.
Branksome Hall 14-7-30.
Varela 14-7-30.
Fame L 14-7-30.

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN PORTS

Tottori Maru 16-7-30 N Y Kaisha.
Shinoki Maru 29-7-30 N Y Kaisha.
Rangoon Maru, 17-7-30 N. Y. Kaisha.
Burma Maru 25-7-30 O S Kaisha.
Borneo Maru 8-8-30 O S Kaisha.
Morea 1-8 P. & O S N Co.
Mirzapore, 15-8 P & O S N Co.

FROM AUSTRALIA.

Naldera 18-7-30 P & O S N Co.
Narkunda 15-8 P & O S N Co.

FROM DURBAN.

Karoa 19-7-30 M M & Co.
Karagola 2-8 M M & Co.
Ellora 16-8 M M & Co.

SAILING DATE OF STEAMERS.
FOR LONDON.

Rawalpindi, 26-7-30, P and O S N Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Clan Macbride 22-7-30 J F Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

C/Venice NF K N Co.

FOR HULL.

Branksome Hall 22-7-30 J F Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Norumburg, 19-7-30 Volkart Bros.

FOR PERSIAN GULF.

Vita 18-7-30 M M and Co.
Barjora, 23-7-30, M M and Co.
Barpeta, 16-7-30, M M and Co.

FOR KARACHI.

Queda NF M M & Co.

FOR KOBE.

Alipore, 20-7-30, P and O S N Co.
Sumatra Maru, 24-7-30, O S Kaisha.

FOR DURBAN.

Khandalla 12-7-30 M M and Co.
Khandalla, 16-7-30, M M and Co.
Karapara, 30-7-30, M M and Co.

FOR MOULMEIN.

Jaladuta NF Scindia S N Co.

FOR RANGOON.

Jalarashmi NF S S N Co.
Canara, NF, T M and Co.

FOR BANGKOK.

Fager NF, NF, F F Campbell Co.

FOR JEDDAH.

Alavi, 15-7-30, T M Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Durendra 19-7-30 M M & Co.

STEAMERS FIXED.
FOR LONDON.

Rawalpndi, 16,687, Pitts, P and O S N Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Clan Macbride 3,504 Last J F Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

C/Venice 5,222 Brown K N Co.

FOR HULL.

Branksome Hall, 2808 Farguson J F Co.

FOR HAMBURG

Norumburg 3,613 Allreach Volkart Bros.

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN PORT.

Sumatra Maru, 4,272, Shenmura O S Kaisha.
Alipore, 4,231 Dawson, P and O S N Co.

FOR PERSIAN GULF.

Vita, 1,055, Beztargh, M M and Co.
Barjora, 1,877, Toresn, M M and Co.
Barpeta, 1,877, Partridge, M M and Co.

FOR RANGOON.

Canara, 3,884, Denbrook, M M and Co.
Jalarashmi 2,661 Memory S S N Co.

FOR MOULMEIN.

Jaladuta 3089 Baker Scindia S N Co.

FOR KARACHI.

Queda 4,760 Smith M M & Co.

FOR DURBAN.

Khandalla, 3,329, Baird, M M and Co.
Karapara 3721 McLean M M & Co.

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Canara 3889 Danbrook M M & Co.
War Bharto, 3,410, Eldrige, A P and Co.
Jehangir , 2,157 Constantine, T M Co.
Baron Cornegie 1904 Morrison T M and Co.
Chinkoa 5,222 Robinson M M and Co.
Argonanta 3,161 Vine B S Co.
Queda 4,760 Smith M M & Co.
Nurjehan 2,336 Peet T M Co.

EXPORTS.
Bombay, July 14.

S.S. Rawalpindi from London:—16 cwts. groundnut seed. T. S. Thadani & Son; 300 cwts. kang grain, 200 cwts. linseed, A. Govindji; 500 cwts. turmeric, 320 cwts. kang grain, M. Bhuta & Co.

For Marseilles:—600 cwts. groundnuts, M. Bhuta & Co.

S.S. Naumburg for Dunkirk:—1,000 tons manganese ore, J. Finlay & Co.

For Barcelona:—23 bales cotton fly, K. Visram & Co.; 100 bales cotton raw, E. Spinner & Co.

For Hamburg:—275 bales cotton raw, Anglo-Siam Corporation Ltd.; 110 bales cotton raw, Textile Products Ltd.

S.S. Branksowe Hall for Dunkirk:—71 bales goat hair, 8 bales wool raw, K. Esmail; 422 bales cotton raw, C. & Thackersey Ltd.

For Barcelona:—2,000 cwts. linseed, Birla Bros.; 400 bales cotton raw, A. Abdulrehman & Co.; 100 bales cotton raw, K. M. Nathoo; 150 bales cotton rwa, Italindia Cotton Co.

For Antwerp:—100 bales hemp, M. Nissim. 24 bales wool raw, K. Esmail.

For Ghent:—270 bales cotton raw, H. Nensey & Co.

For Hull:—2,000 cwts. groundnut oil cakes, J. Travers & Sons.

S.S. Clan Macbride for Dunkirk:—2,100 tons manganese ore, Shivrajpur Syndicate Co. Ltd.

S.S. Sumatra Maru for Kobe:—500 bales cotton raw, N. Futehally; 175 bales cotton raw, K. M. Nathoo.

For Shanghai:—500 bales cotton raw, Textile Products Ltd.; 200 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Tdg. Co.; 2,000 bales cotton raw, T. M. Kaisha Ltd.

S.S. Alipore for Shanghai:—300 bales cotton raw, Textile Products Ltd.; 3,000 bales cotton raw, T. M. Kaisha Ltd.

For Kobe:—200 bales cotton raw, Breul & Co.; 500 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Tdg. Co.; 1,000 bales cotton raw, T. M. Kaisha Ltd.; 300 bales cotton raw, Bombay Co.

For Osaka:—500 bales cotton raw, T. M. Kaisha Ltd.; 300 bales cotton raw, Bombay Co.

IMPORTS.

S.S. Varela from Basrah, Agents M. M. & Co.:—388 bags wheat; 1,662 bags dotes; 75 bags hartware; 25 bags beans.

From Karachi:—9,866 bags wheat; 300 bags rice; 140 bags bajree; 17 bags gram; 18 bags gram dhall; 320 bags gram; 81 bags gram flour; 46 bags fish; 50 bags whiskey; 58 kgs dyes.

S.S. Branksowe Hall from Hull. Agents J. Finlay & Co.:—100 bags alum; 15 cases ale; 25 cases stout; 40 dms colour; 1,330 dms linseed oil; 2,280 dms disinfectant fluid; 900 dms paint; 80 dms polish; 20 b'dle steel tyres; 344 b'dle steel plates; 111 b'dle steel flats; 1,917 b'dle steel; 490 b'dle steel bars; 60 bags washing blue.

From Middlesbro:—41 b'dle steel angles; 128 b'dle steel plates; 19 b'dles steel sheets; 8,082 bags chemicals.

From Dunkirk:—1,066 b'dle joists.

JUTE ACREAGE FORECAST BEARISH.

—:o:—

Prices Decline Rs. 4 A Bale.

Messrs. Moosa and Co. have issued the following report for the week-ending 11th inst.

On the 8th instant the Preliminary Jute acreage figures were published. This year's Preliminary estimate has been announced as 3506700 acres against last year's revised estimate of 3414000 acres. This was somewhat higher than the trade expected, with the result that the price of raw jute declined by Rs. 4|- per bale, Hessians by about -|12|- and Kamarhattys by about Rs. 15|-. Since then there has been a slight recovery with the exception of Kamarhattys, Howrahs, Clives and Nationals, business in other jute shares has been on a meagre scale with prices considerably lower.

It looks that shipment of Hessians, on account of large stocks in America will be considerably smaller this month and consequently any improvement in the prices of manufactured goods is not likely.

In view of the large outstandings of Kamarhatty transactions, on account of heavy speculation, these shares particularly have declined less in proportion with other jute shares which have suffered a serious setback during the week. In view of the future of the Industry being still obscure, we are for a somewhat lower market for jute shares. Sellers are finding great difficulty in procuring buyers for other jute shares than the "Speculative counters" and in several instances a drastic reduction has to be made before sales can be effected. As a solitary instance we might mention that a lot of Standard Jute fetched Rs. 327|- only against the last official quotation of Rs. 380. Market at the close was however a shade steadier on account of speculative buying.

JUTE FABRICS.

This section ruled quietor on account of the increased acreage figures of the Jute forecast. Outside markets have shown no interest and prices are consequently lower all round. Fatka hessians had a sudden drop, on the publication of the increased Jute forecast figures, of about -|12|- on Tuesday last since then Hessians fluctuated between 9|13 and 10|2 closing at 9|15. The prices for Ready P|Orders during the week were as under:—

	9 Porters	11 Porters
Opened at Rs.	10-3	13-10
Lowest at Rs.	9-12	12-11
Highest at Rs.	10-9	13-20
Closed at Rs.	9-14	12-12

RAW JUTE.

As a result of the preliminary forecast, this market has had a sharp fall of about Rs. 4|- per bale. In the early part of the week some transaction was reported with the mills but since then buyers have withdrawn. There has been excessive rainfall in some districts, where dry and sunny weather is now needed. The fluctuations in the futures market were as under:—

Opened at Rs. 42|12, Lowest at Rs. 39|10, Highest at Rs. 44|- and closed at Rs. 40|-.

U. S. A. MILL CONSUMPTION.

Garside estimates American Mills consumption during July at 4,10,000 B|s, namely 17,800 B|s per diem, as compared with 4,74,000 B|s during May 1930 and 5,70,000 B|s during June 1929. Textile sales in America are reported to be only 65 per cent of production and spinners have further curtailed their output.

OLLA PODRIDA.

(Continued from page 4.)

—:o:—

foresaw that this was quite feasible.

* * * * *

And God, in his inscrutable wisdom, sent down one of his chosen messengers to lead a nation to freedom through the path of penceful suffering. This new Messiah has shown how it can be done by himself suffering more than any one who elects to follow him. Never resisting, never retreating, the nation will move on, on and on, till it comes into its own.

* * * * *

At the head of the Congress will be found the best and the noblest of the manhood and the womanhood of India. Every one of them has suffered and sacrificed, every one of them is ready to lay his or her life down for the country. The men have the hearts of lions and the spirits of lambs, who go smiling to prison and come out with redoubled zeal to serve the Motherland. The women are gifted, selfless, fearless as St. Joan. Never was the making of a nation so full of promise to the whole world as the Congress to-day.

* * * * *

Those that stand out, who call themselves by other names and pose as patriots have nothing whatsoever to do with the struggle that is going on in the country. They venture nothing, risk nothing, suffer nothing. They are babblers who talk with the best, but in action they will be always found seeking strategic positions in the rear. Yet they will not be cast aside, for the nation includes all.

* * * * *

After his second conviction Pundit Motilal Nehru declared that a hundredth of the price of nationhood has not yet been paid by India. We have to pay for many generations before us and others of our own generation who are looking on unconcerned at the agony through which the country is passing. If force or frightfulness can stifle the awakening in India then we do not deserve to be a nation. But now even among the timorous there are no doubters or scoffers left. The heart of the country is growing bigger every day and every new measure of repression is making its will more inflexible. Unless every page of history is false there can be only one issue to this struggle.

YOU WOULD HAVE HEARD MANY

WONDERS OF SCIENCE

But none Equals the discovery of

"MITHAPHAL"

discovered by the well-known Ayurvedic Physician of Lahore Pt. Thakur Datta Sharma Vaidya by the use of which (one dose in the first week of third month of pregnancy)

MALE CHILD IS CERTAIN

The "Germinal cells," says Doctor Farrel, in his well-known book "are Hermaphrodites originally and only become male and female later." And that is the time when Mithaphal is administered.

"I have very great pleasure", says Mr. ROSHAN LAL, Managing Director, Sports, Ltd., Lahore, "to inform you that the medicine you gave to my wife during the course of her pregnancy has proved effective. I have three daughters, this time your advice was sought, with the result that on the 26th September, 1921, my wife gave birth to a boy. All our family members are grateful to you for this."

"I" says B. THAKUR DASS, from Gilgit, "feel pleasure in informing you that my wife gave birth to a male child on 3rd March. Your medicine MITHAPHAL is a wonder. It is worth more Rs. ten thousand what to say of ten."

"I congratulate you on such an invention."

WE HAVE HUNDRED OF SUCH TESTIMONIALS.

Price of Mithaphal is Rs. 10/- only, which we promise to refund if the result is contrary.

Postal & Tele. Address:—AMRITDHARA, 29, LAHORE.
MANAGER, Amritdhara Pharmacy, Amritdhara Buildings, Amritdhara Road, Amritdhara Post Office, LAHORE.

THE
UNIVERSAL
FIRE and GENERAL
Insurance Company, Limited.
(INCORPORATED IN INDIA.)

UNIVERSAL BUILDING, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

FIRE, MARINE, MOTOR CAR WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION

Managing Agents:—
M. KANJI & CO.
RESPECTABLE AND INFLUENTIAL AGENTS WANTED FOR UNREPRESENTED DISTRICTS.

Bombay Life—

ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Established in India (1903)

It will be worth your while to obtain a copy of the Prospectus of the "BOMBAY LIFE" before insuring your life elsewhere.

EXCELLENT PROSPECTS TO AGENTS:

For particulars please write to:—
D. E. HERBA,
Manager.

78-79, Apollo St., Bombay.

PERSONAL APPEARANCE

Is a keynote of success in life. Worried and weak Men and Women will be delighted to know that Bhrir Nervene, which is a well-known and well tried tissue builder have improved the personal appearance of thousands by 100 p.c. A through course of three bottles will show a marked difference in your appearance and be assured that our guarantee backs you. Price Rs. 5|- per bottle V.P.P. extra. Available from all leading chemists or from:—

M. D. VORA & CO.,
Hospital suppliers,
Princess Street, Bombay, 2.

SHRI KRISHNA FILM COMPANY PRESENTS A CLASSIC INDIAN PICTURE AT ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

AN APPEAL TO ELITE FAMILIES.

You have longed for pre-eminent native art. Here in the best theatre you are offered for the first time a gorgeous sentimental picture that will beat any excellent foreign production. It is your bounden duty to encourage Indian Art.

Glittering Sword

Ablaze with glorious spectacle and eternal glamour of royal palaces, marble mansions, sun-capped hills and sylvan beauty running riot.

SOUL IS MIGHTIER THAN SWORD.

And the woman's soul surcharged with love creates an atmosphere that baffles the mightiest of men. A story of the eternal conflict of loyalty against betrayal is depicted with soul-harrowing effect. Sons of the Soil! Encourage Native Industry.

ON 24TH JULY

Admired by all!
Swansea, South Wales, 14th January, 1927.
Messrs. West End Watch Co., Bombay.
Sirs,
I have recently returned from India and everyone has admired my West End watch, purchased from your Bombay office a few years ago. I have promised, if possible, to obtain for my friends watches similar to mine.
Yours faithfully,
G.L---
Original letter can be seen on our files.

First and foremost, all WEST END watches possess in a high degree those essential qualities of good watches—accuracy and durability. Case design, however, receives the closest attention, and every West End movement is protected by a strong, serviceable case of latest pattern. An examination of our Free Catalogue will reveal a large variety of admirable designs at prices to suit all.

The "THEMIS BEVELLED"
STERLING SILVER ... ... Rs. 40
18-ct. GOLD ... ... Rs. 85
Handsome Keyless Lever Watch
Ask for copy of our FREE Catalogue.

WEST END WATCH Co.
BOMBAY CALCUTTA

BEWARE
OF
DECEPTIONS.

We hereby inform our esteemed Customers that many Merchants are selling goods either imported from England or made from foreign yarn as Calico goods. We hereby request our esteemed SWADESHI LOVING CUSTOMERS to examine the pieces and buy goods bearing CALICO MILL stamp. Any goods sold to them without the CALICO MILLS stamp are not of our manufacture.

CALICO MILLS
Ahmedabad.

A SAFE and EFFICIENT REMEDY

In all cases of Torpid Liver, Debility, Eruptions, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Weakness, Depression, etc., etc., in the world renowned

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA

It thoroughly cleanses the blood of all impurities which accumulate, and invigorates the whole system, thus enabling you to successfully combat the many little ills which you encounter from time to time.

But it must be Wilkinson's—shun all imitations and substitutes. Every genuine bottle bears the following Trade Mark and Signature.

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers
Thomas Wilkinson Ltd. Manufacturing Chemists, 45, Southwark Street, London, S.E.1. England.

JEPI SILKS

HAND MADE SILK CLOTH FOR SARIS & BLOUSES.

Manufactured entirely from PURE MYSORE AND BENGAL SILK YARNS.
Any colour required.
Width 45 inches. Rs. 3 per yard.
Samples from Manufacturers.

J. P. DESAI & Co.,
38/42, Shamsett Street, Bombay 2.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

Scattered Covering On Drought Reports.

EASTERN BELT FAVOURABLE OUTLOOK

Bombay, July 14.

On Saturday the New York Cotton futures market ruled nervous and irregular, unsettling factors being absence of rain in drought sections and favourable Eastern forecast. There was scattered covering by shorts and during the short session prices closed at a rise of 12 to 1 point Spot Cotton prices advanced 10 points to 13.29c.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market ruled very steady and closed at a rise of 20 to 12 points. Spot Cotton prices advanced 12 points to 12.72c.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 16 to 15 points. There was some covering and prices after a small rally closed at a rise of 12 to 13 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 11 points to 7.62 and sales amounted to 2,000 bales.

Empire cotton futures closed at a decline of 13 points while Egyptian prices declined 16 points.

Absence of rains over the Central Belt is inducing some short covering but the long-range forecast of weather for the Eastern Belt was favourable. The market is showing uncertainty about the weather but there is marked absence of buying. The crop is making a satisfactor, progress on the whole and slight deterioration is not unusual at this time. Trade reports are discouraging and the monthly consumption report due to-day is likely to be bearish one. Our private reports indicate that mills have curtailed production in the United States of America to the extent unknown in the history of the textile industry.

REUTER'S NEW YORK WEEKLY REVIEW.

Prices declined prior to and immediately following the Government acreage report, but quickly steadied. The Government report indicated a reduction in acreage of 2.7 per cent, compared with 3.1 per cent, the average of the private reports. The report caused a considerable amount of local and Wall Street selling, but offerings were absorbed as new October approached the 12.50 cent. level.

Rallies followed on a firm technical position, together with reports of high temperatures. The hot and dry weather has not lasted long enough to cause serious anxiety, but it is believed that the South now needs good general rains.

In the meantime traders generally seem to anticipate more than an average yield owing to expectations of less than average weevil damage, private reports of infestation indicating that weevil is much less numerous than last year.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October Highest 13.07 Lowest 12.95

New York December Highest 13.22 (close) Lowest 13.08 (10-08 a.m.)

Liverpool:—

"Early planted cotton doing well but late planted suffering by high temperature."

Reuter:—

"Market was nervous and irregular, unsettling factors being absence of rain in drought sections and favourable Eastern Belt forecast."

The Forward Cotton Market was closed yesterday in honour of the arrest of Pandit Sunderlalji.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT QUOTATIONS.

—:o:—

Liverpool, July 12.

July close at s 6/10 1/2d—1 1/8d
October close at s 7/0 7-8d—1 9-8 d.
December close at s 7-2 5/8d—1 5/8d.

Wheat Chicago Market:
July per bushel dol 86 1/2—0
September per bushel dol 89 1/2 up 1/8
December per bushel do 95 1/2 up 1/4

Argentine Linseed Quotations:
August 15.45—45
September 15.55—43

Wheat Cables:—

"Declined owing to report Farm Board will not support. Market nervous dependent on weather but any adverse news or improvement in demand will cause smart upturn."

Linseed Oil Cable:

"Recent scarcity appears over come. Tendency looks downward."

—:o:—

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

—:o:—

F P Bales:—

Receipts to date 12-7-30: 1929-30, 8623000; 1928-29, 9327000.

Receipts yesterday 12-7-30: 1929-30, 4000; 1928-29, 2000.

Exports to date 12-7-30: 1929-30, 6734000; 1928-29, 8088000.

Stock at Ports 11-7-30: 1929-30, 1160000; 1928-29, 674000.

Stock at Interior Towns 11-7-30: 1929-30, 620000; 1928-29, 253000.

Stock at Liverpool 11-7-30: 1929-30, 331000; 1928-29, 563000.

Visible Supply 11-7-30: 1929-30, 3162000; 1928-29, 2013000.

Quantity in Sight 11-7-30: 1929-30, 14874000; 1928-29, 15642000.

Quantity out of Sight 11-7-30: 1929-30, 13466000; 1928-29, 15635000.

—:o:—

READY COTTON SALES.

—:o:—

165	Bussan and Co., Harda	166
93	Bussan and Co., Harda	163
100	Forbes and Co., Sankheda	190
200	Volkart Bros., Nagpur	155
109	Volkart Bros., Jalgaon	158
104	Volkart Bros., Jalgaon	160
200	Volkart Bros., Khamgaon	158
75	Volkart Bros., Shenabad	162
135	Japan T and Co., Chalisgaon	156
125	Japan T and Co., Ranuli	159
71	Japan T & Co., Khandwa	160
100	Bussan and Co., Indore	162
250	Bussan and Co., Mandsur	174
100	Ralli Bros., Aryi Old	140

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, July 14.

3 Months Discounts 2 3/8 per cent.

6 Months Discounts 2 3/4 per cent.

Bank of England rate 3 per cent.

Call Money 3 1/2 per cent.

One Month 3 1/2 per cent.

Three Months 3 1/2 per cent.

Six Months 3 per cent.

Tone of Money Market:—Quiet.

Imperial Bank of India Rate:—5 per cent.

BULLION MARKET OBSERVE HARTAL.

Bombay, July 11.

No business was done on the Bullion Exchange owing to the arrest of Pandit Sunderlal.

STOCK EXCHANGE.

NO BUSINESS.

Bombay, July 14.

As a protest against the arrest of Pandit Sunderalji, no business on cash terms was done to-day on the Stock Exchange.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

—:o:—

Bombay, July 14.

Berar	167 bales.
Central Provinces	18 bales.
Sind-Punjab	100 bales.
Compta-Dharwar	1,238 bales.
Westerns-Northerns	187 bales.
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	315 bales.
East Africans	742 bales.
Cotton	2,762 bales.
Wheat	1,031 cwts.
Linseed	3,845 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard-seeds	20 cwts.
Gingellyseeds	9 cwts.
Poppyseeds	38 cwts.
Groundnuts	1,286 cwts.
Castorseeds	516 cwts.
Rice	10 420 cwts.
Myraboilams	3,471 cwts.
Cottonseeds	253 cwts.
Gram	516 cwts.
Jeowar	4 cwts.
Barley	44 cwts.
Bajree	1,172 cwts.
Coal	265 tons.

WORLD CHALLENGED "TALISMAN"

This Kavacham has wonderful power which against all evils arising from planetary influences. A Divine gift with mysterious of producing a benign effect upon its wearer for health, happiness, prosperity, promotion in life, blessing with children and wealth. This Divine Indian Kavacham is prepared with exceptional care and attention to Shastric injustions and gives potent relief from all diseases. And is a Talisman against influences of bad stars, spirits and apparitions. 5 questions futurity Rama Kavacha Gold Special Rs 8/- Hanuman Gold Rs. 5/- Silver Rs. 3/-

A. V. ASHRAMAM NAGAVALLI
Bank Chicacole Ganjam Dt.

MONEY MARKET.

Exchange Quotations.

Bombay, July 14.

B. C. RATE:
T. T. 1/5 3/4
B. C. RATE:
D. D. 1/5 29/32
LONDON BANKS:
Selling T. T. 1/5 25/32
Selling D. D. 1/5 13/16
Selling T. T. 1-5 25-32 July-Dec.
Buying T. T. 1/5 27/32 Near.
Buying D. D. 1/5 7/8 Mail.
Buying T. T. 1/5 27/32 July.
Buying 3 Mos. 1-6 July-Sept.
NEW YORK BANKS:
New York B C Rate T. T. 278
Selling T. T. 277 3/4
Buying T. T. 276.
PARIS BANKS:
Selling T. T. 916
Buying D D 92p
Buying 3 Mos. 940.
JAPAN BANKS:
Selling T. T. 137.
Buying 60 days 134¼
HONGKONG BANKS
Selling D. D. 87 1/4
SHANGHAI BANKS:
Selling D. D. 103 1/4
SINGAPORE BANKS:
Selling D. D. 156 1/2
JAVA BANKS:
Selling D. D. 89 3/4.
CROSS RATE:
New York/London 4.86 13/32 12th inst.
Shanghai/London 1/6 1/16 14th inst.
Japan/London 2/0 5/16 12th inst.
London/Paris 123.60 12th inst.
London/Belgium 34.830 12th inst.
London/Switzerland 25.02 3/4 12th inst.
London/Italy 92.85 12th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £4-5-0 3/4 11th inst. £4-5-0 3/4 12th inst.
Silver London Ready £16 1/8 11th inst. £15 15/16 12th inst.
Silver London Forward £16 11th inst. £15 13/16 12th inst.
Silver New York Ready £35 1/16 11th inst. £34 5/8 12th inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos. £2 3/8 per cent. 11th inst. £2 3/8 per cent. 12th inst.
London Discounts 6 Mos. £2 1/2 per cent. 11th inst. £2 3/4 per cent. 12th inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 5 per cent. Bank of England Rate 3 per cent.
Money:—Inter Bank Call 3 per cent. 3 Mos. 3 1/2 per cent 6 Mos. 3 1/2 per cent. 12 Mos. 4 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, July 14.

3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 64|3.

4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 90/12

4 per cent Loan due 1934-37 Rs. 89/12

4 per cent Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 75/12.

4 1/2 per cent Bonds due 1934 Rs. 98|5.

4 1/2 per cent Loan due 1955-60 Rs. 87.

5 per cent War Loan due 1928-47 Rs. 94-15.

6 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 97/8

5 per cent Loan due 1930-44 Rs. 96-3.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 100/3.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 101|1.

6 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 100|2.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 101|7.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 102|8.

6 1/2 per cent Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 101/14

4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 75.

4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 73|12.

4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 73|12.

5 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1959 Rs. 90|14.

6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 103|12.

Forward Rates 16th July Settlement:—

3-1/3 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 64-2-6.

5 per cent 1945-55 Rs. 101-0-0.

Tone of Market:—Easier.

Tone of Silver:—Quietly steady. China sold. India bought at the decline.

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

	Bombay, July 14.
July	114.90 plus 2 10
October	117.50 plus 1.40
January	117.80 plus 3 20

EXCELSIOR THEATRE 6-15 & 10 P. M.

WARNER BROS. SPECTACULAR SINGING SUCCESS

The DESERT SONG

Ablaze with glorious spectacle and the eternal glamour of the burning desert sands upon which it is actually enacted.

featuring

JOHN BOLES & CARLOTTA KING

WARNER BROS. ALL TALKING, SINGING AND DANCING VITAPHONE EXTRAVAGANZA.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

—:o:—

July, 14.

General Remarks.—The monsoon has been active in the Central Provinces, the United Provinces and the Punjab. There has been nearly general rain in the east Central Provinces and the Punjab and local rain in the United Provinces, Central India, the west Central Provinces, Baluchistan, the Konkan and Malabar, with a few falls in Gujarat, south Hyderabad and south-east Madras. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded in south-east Madras, north Hyderabad and Baluchistan and moderately to heavily clouded generally elsewhere. The air is more moist than usual in the Punjab and drier in north Hyderabad. Temperatures were above normal in north Hyderabad and below it in the south-west Punjab. The highest maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 101 deg. at Madura.

Forecast.—Rainfall will decrease in the United Provinces and increase in Central India, the east Central Provinces, Gujarat, south Rajputana and the Punjab.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 14-7-1930.

Barometer (corrected to 32deg F) at 8 a.m. 29.745 inches (.071 above normal)

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours' —.039

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.8 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.3 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 87.4 degrees (1.8 above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 79.9 degrees (3.2 above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 83 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 15 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 142 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 24 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy—10) 5

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.00 inches

Total rainfall during the month 5.11 inches

Total rainfall during the year 31.84 inches.

Earthquake report: An earthquake shock of slight intensity o its origin about 500 miles away was recorded by the Seismograph in the Colaba Observatory at 19 h 37 m yesterday (I.S.T.). Another shock of moderate intensity at its origin about 2100 miles away was recorded at 1 h 3 m this morning (I. S. T.)

—:o:—

BOMBAY CITY RAINFALL.

—:o:—

Bombay, July 14.

Rainfall during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of date 14-7-30 at Colaba Point 0.00in; at Fort 0.00in; at J. J. Hospital 0.02in.

Total since 1st June to date at Colaba Point 31.82in; at Fort 34.22 in; at J. J. Hospital 31.22in.

Total for the corresponding period of 1928 at Colaba Point 42.91in at Fort 49.85in; at J. J. Hospital 40.27in.

Total for the corresponding period of 1929 at Colaba Point 39.60 in; at Fort 51.64; at J. J. Hospital 46.99 in.

Auction Sales.

MESSRS. BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE, PEARL AND GOLD ORNAMENTS.

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for the Provident Investment Co. Ltd., the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors, Messrs. Charandas Vasanji and Ranchoddas Vasanji, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on TUESDAY, the 22nd instant at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms:—

Two valuable pearl necklaces and gold ornaments such as bangles, mohanmalas, chandan chudis, javhar, vanks, patlis, sanklas, ful, ramnavmi and mandaria hars, kandoras kantlis, kadas, chuddas, hira and falka sanklis, ponchis, necklace, bodhari, gantha, kantli jadav, galpattas, hansli etc., etc.

The above will be on view two days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF ITALIAN CANVAS, COROSITE BUTTONS AND PINK COTTON TAPE.

Under instructions from the Office concerned Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on WEDNESDAY, the 23rd instant at 3 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms:

On account and risk of the defaulting indentors, Messrs. Desraj Hansraj and Co., Kalbadevi Road, Bombay:—

4 bales each 40 pieces of 40 yards Italian canvas in 36" with blue stripes.

On account and risk of the defaulting indentors, Messrs. Nagindas Lovjee and Co., Sutar Chawl, Bombay:—

7 cases each 500 gross Corosite Buttons.

On account and risk of the defaulting indentors Messrs. Esaji Ismailjee Patel, 78-79 Parsi Bazar, Fort, Bombay.

1 case containing 100 bundles each 5/6 yards Pink cotton tape.

BENNETT & CO.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF THE AMERICAN AUTO WELDING AND ENGINEERING WORKS.

By order of the Persian Consul, Messrs. J. S. MODY & CO., will sell by public auction on THURSDAY the 17th day of July, 1930, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the shops at 4th Khetwady Lane, Sandhurst Road and at Trimbuk Parasram Street, near Gol Pitha, all the machinery, tools etc., the property of Mr. Joseph Nobly, deceased, comprising:—

Welding Tank, Vices, small drilling machine, gas cylinders, Typewriter, work tables, loose motor cycle, tools sundry machine parts, Iron beds, Blow machine, Emery grinding machine, tools, Iron beds secondhand motor lamps, etc.,

The above will be on view on the day of sale.

J. S. MODY CO.,
Auctioneers

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The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY, TUESDAY JULY 15, 1930.

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BEATING NON-VIOLENT VOLUNTEERS CREATES RESENTMENT AGAINST GOVERNMENT.

—:o:—

Time For Conciliation Has Come.

BOMBAY LIBERALS' PANACEA FOR INDIA'S ILLS.

BOMBAY, July 13.

The following resolution was adopted by the Council of the Western India National Liberal Association on Saturday in connection with Friday's "Gharwali Day" procession:

The Council of the Western India National Liberal Association deplore that at this juncture, when it is esential that a favourable atmosphere should be created for a peaceful solution of the Indian problem by negotiation, events should be allowed to happen which must create further bitterness between Government and the people. It is regrettable that the Congress organisation should insist upon defying orders promulgated by lawful authority and creating occasions for conflict between the police and their volunteers.

WORSEN SITUATION.

The Council is convinced that the method adopted by the authorities in dealing with processions, instead of stopping the evil apprehended from such demonstrations is calculated on the contrary very much to worsen the situation. The sight of the beating of Congress volunteers who are non-violent and who submit themselves to the beating and are then removed to hospitals necessarily invites sympathy in the mind sof thousands of spectators who carry away feelings of resentment and hatred against Government.

LIBERALS' REMEDY.

The public do not understand the legal position that the processionists taking out a procession in defiance of police orders are breaking the law and are liable to be dispersed by force. The Council feels that if instead of the beating by lathies that was resorted to in the case of the procession on Friday last, the volunteers had been arrested and then discharged after some time, all the public excitement and resentment that was created could have been avoided

ADOPT CONCILIATION.

The Council again appeals to Congress as well as Government to adopt methods of conciliation. The Council repeats its conclusion that the time has arrived when the Congress, having demonstrated the strength of tional feeling, should call off civil disobedience and permit the establishment of conditions favourable for utilising to the best advantage the opportunity of a satisfactory settlement by means of the Round Table Conference. Government should, on their part, simultaneously release all political prisoners and withdraw all emergency legislation and thus enable Congress to participate along with other parties in the Round Table Conference.—A. P.

SITE FOR NATIONAL FLAG.

Dt. Magistrate Declares Gift "Ultra Vires."

HEATED DEBATE IN VIZIANAGARAM MUNICIPALITY.

VIZAGAPATAM. July 11.

An ordinary meeting of the Vizianagaram Municipal Council was held yesterday at 5-30 p.m. in the Municipal Office with Mr. G. Ramavatharam Chairman, in the chair. As the meeting was an important one with some subjects on the agenda of a political significance the meeting attracted a large gathering of th citizens.

The next subject taken up by the Council was the G. O. warning local bodies to desist from participation in the political activities connected with the Civil Disobedience Movement as the Government regards these activities as disloyal and designed to deliberately defy law and order and further stating that if local bodies continue to disregard the warning now given, the Government will not hesitate to resort to the powers of supersession and dissolution vested in it by law for dealing with extreme cases of abuse of power.

Mr. L. V. Subba Rao said that the G. O. affects the Council materially only in regard to the closing of schools for any special purpose for a day or two in which case the councillors might be threatened with surcharge. He asked who was the competent authority to declare a surchargeable item and urged that this aspect of the G. O. should be sent to the Advocate-General for expert legal opinion.

Mr. Cheruvu Subba Rao protested that the G. O. was an encroachment on the liberties of the Municipal Council.

After further discussion, it was finally resolved that the G. O. be recorded.

HOISTING OF NATIONAL FLAG AT SWARAJ MAIDAN.

The most important subject on the agenda which attracted the large gathering of citizens to the Municipal building was the one regarding the National Flag hoisted in the Swaraj Maidan in front of the Municipal Office.

Soon after the Lahore session of the Indian National Congress in last December, the local Congress Committee put in application to the Municipal Council for a free grant of three square-yards of land in the Swaraj Maidan for the purpose of hoisting the National Flag therein.

The Municipal Council considered the petition at a meeting in January last and passed a resolution granting the three square yards of land when a copy of the resolution went to the District Collector, he sent the resolution back to the council for reconsideration declaring that this was 'ultra vires'. The Council again considered this resolution along with the District Collector's order thereon and referred the matter for legal opinion. After eliciting legal opinion, the council again passed a resolution reiterating its grant of the three square yards of land to the Congress Committee for hoisting the National Flag and stating that this gift by the council was not 'ultra vires'.

THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE'S LETTER TO MUNICIPAL CHAIRMAN.

Thereupon the District Collector sent to the Chairman of the Municipal Council on 26th June 1930 the following letter:—

"I have the honour to acknowledge your letter R. C. V. 3/30 M. dated 16th June 1930 enclosing copy of Council's Resolution No. 53 dated 10th June 1930 expressing the opinion that the Council's Resolution No. 315 dated 10th January 1930 for the alienation of three square yards of land in a public park to a Congress Committee 'for hoisting the National Flag' is not 'ultra vires' the council's powers.

"Apart from the legality of the Council's proceedings, I shall be bound to consider whether the Resolution, if given effect to, would not tend, by offending the feelings of loyal citizens in Vizianagaram, to occasion a breach of the peace. Before doing so however, I prefer to suggest that the Council should take an early opportunity of re-considering the matter in the light of the question of propriety involved. Every Municipal Councillor has, or should have taken an oath (or made an affirmation) of fidelity and allegiance and in view of the attitude and declared aims of the Indian National Congress, it is a clear violation of this oath to vote support to the Congress, Committee in such intentionally dislayal demonstrations as the hoisting of the Congress flag.

"This aspect of the resolution was possibly not as apparent in January last as it has since become, but I trust that, now that it is brought to their notice, councillors who then supported it will recognise the desirability of vindicating their regard for the sanctity of their oaths by assisting to procure its annulment.

(Sd.) A. J. BLAKE,
District Magistrate."

Considerable discussion ensued on this letter of the District Collector. Mr. Cheruvu Subba Rao said that no objection was raised by any one when the piece of land was gifted away. He asked if the Council had any power to take back the land gifted away unconditionally even though the Congress mandate was subsequently to be declared unlawful.

Mr. K. Rangachari, M.A., L.T., wanted to know if the National Flag was at any time declared to be an unlawful thing. He considered the National Flag to be a symbol of the national unity and harmony of the different communities inhabiting India and in no way a symbol of disloyalty to the Government. The Council ha permanently given away a small bit of land for hoisting this National Flag and it was within its power to make that alienation. It was derogatory to the self-respect of the Council to withdraw an unconditional gift once made and reaffirmed subsequently. Further the resolution reaffirming the gift was passed only in June and it is now impossible for the Council to rescind it before at least clear three months expire.

Mr. B. Mangayya Pantulu said that the resolution granting the land was passed in last January and the subsequent discussions were only on the District Collector's reference regarding the power of the Council to make the grant and not in regard to the grant itself. Therefore, he said that the subject matter of the present discussion cannot be barred by the time limit of three months.

After considerable formal and informal discussion among the members, the Chairman asked what decision the council came to on the subject.

Mr. L. V. Subba Rao suggested that the subject be adjourned for a special meeting and that meanwhile the Chairman be requested to elicit legal opinion on the matter.

EGYPTIAN PARLIAMENT ADJOURNED.

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Hafezafifis Mission In England.

NO IMMEDIATE RESUMPTION OF NEGOTIATIONS.

CAIRO, July 13.

Hafezafifi Pasha, the Foreign Minister, has been appointed the Egyptian Minister in London, Abdel Fattah becomes Foreign Minister. The Premier Sidky Pasha interviewed by Reuter said that it was not the immediate aim of Hafezafifi's mission to resume the interrupted Anglo-Egyptian negotiations, but the Government would dobutless choose the earliest opportunity for resumption.

A royal decree has been issued adjourning the Parliament for three weeks.—Reuter.

FRUITLESS SEARCH FOR MISSING AIRMEN.

—:o:—

RANGOON, July 12.

A telegram from Akyab received to-day says that first day's search by Mr. Raynham of Air Survey Company has been fruitless. A temporary landing ground is being established at Kyaukpyu and it will be ready on 13th evening. Search will continue tomorrow and the following day, weather permitting.

R. A. F. seaplane from Singapore arrived here to-day. After refuelling it has left for Akyab to conduct search.—A. P.

Burmese Patriot Released.

—:o:—

RANGOON, July 12.

Phongyi Arathapa who had been confined in Rangoon jail has now been released under orders of the local Governmnt. It will be remembered that Phongyi hunger struck for long period and has already served two and a half out of aggregate sentence of four and a half years.—A. P.

SOCIAL BOYCOTT OF ANTIA.

AHMEDABAD, July 13.

At a meeting of the Gujarat Club which is a social club consisting of officials, pleaders, and merchants held last evening, a resolution was passed expelling Mr. Antia, Deputy Police Superintendent, who had participated in repulsing Dharasana raics by lathi charges. It was also resolved to hoist the National Flag on the building of the club and to boycott British edited papers.—A. P.

HOOLIGANISM AT KISHOREGANJ.

Nine Hindus Die.

MYMENSINGH, July 13.

Nine Hindus are reported to have been killed as a result of hooligans excesses in Kishoreganj sub-division.

Incendiarism and looting continue despite police firing resulting in heavy loss of property. The Circle Officer who was mobbed yesterday is improving.

The affected areas are being patrolled by armed police. Last night a force of 25 Eastern Frontier Rifles arrived and another is following.—A. P.

MR. CHINTAMANI ON OFFICIALDOM.

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"It almost appeared to me many times that in this world which is imperfect, God Almighty in his mercy to the Government of India made an exception in favour of one class of people policemen employed by Government are only infallible (Loud laughter). If a police report is placed in the hands of the Government, that at once becomes political scriptures. (Renewed laughter.) When once an official act is done, it is done; no grievance, no compdaint no protest is of any avail in obtaining redress for the injured people. However, much people cry themselves hoarse that cry is useless.—Mr. Chintamani on his adjournment motion in U. P. Council.

INDIAN AIRMEN HONOURED

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Dinner In Their Honour.

SIMLA, July 13.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief presided at a dinner given to-night by the Aero Club of India and Burma in honour of Messrs. Chawla, Engineer, Manmohan Singh and Tata, Indian airmen who recently made England-India flights. The Commander-in-Chief after the dinner presented Messrs. Chawla and Engineer with gold medals, which have also been sent to Messrs. Manmohan and Tata who were not present at the dinner. The dinner was attended by a large number of the Indian Legislature.—A. P.

Cotton Market Observes Hartal.

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Bombay, July 14.

Owing to the arrest of Pandit Sundarlalji, the Bombay Cotton Market observed a Hartal to-day as mark of respect for Pandtji.

"SUBSTANCE OF INDEPENDENCE."

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In Viceroy's Statement.

PATRO'S ILLUSION.

Sir A P. Patro who is returning to Madras from Simla interviewed at Bombay stated that the Viceroy's statement of July 9 was in effect a concession of the "substance of independence." Apart from the very profound and magnetic effect it had on the immediate audience, as indicated in the various statements issued so far, Lord Irwin's pronouncement made it abundantly clear that Dominion Status was the natural completion of India's constitutional growth and that it lay with Indian political parties to press an agreed scheme at the Round Table Conference and that such will form the basis of the proposals of His Majesty's Government to be placed before Parliament.

It is, thus, evident that every political party in India will be entitled to press for the acceptance of its scheme. The vital need, therefore, is to arrive at an agreed scheme here in India and not later in England. It will be a disaster if such agreement were postponed any longer. In this connection Sir A. P. Patro emphasised that the framework of the Simon Report, namely a Federal India, was already accepted by even the authors of the Nehru Report. "Our endeavours should be directed not to wholesale rejection but an improvement of some of the proposals of the Simon Commission so as to bring them into accord with Indian national aspirations"—A. P.

"INADEQUATE AND UNSATISFACTORY."

—:o:—

Muslim League On Simon Report.

APPEAL TO CONGRESS AND GOVT.

SIMLA, July 13.

The Council of the All-India Muslim League held a meeting to-day under the presidentship of Mr. Jinnah. It passed important resolutions relating to the Simon Report, the Round Table Conference and the Frontier situation. The Council also decided to hold the next session of the League at Lucknow on 16th and 17th August. The president for the session will be announced shortly. The meeting was attended by Hon. Mr. Munamed Yanya, Hon. Mr. Mahamud Suhrawardy, Dr. Ziauddin, Maulana Shaukat Ali, Haji Abdullah Haroon, Hon. Mr. Ferozekhan Noon, Raja Ghazanfar Ali Khan, Nawab Muhamad Ismail Khan, Abdul Qadir Sadiqi, Maulvi Syed Murtaza, Nawab Sir Abdul Qayum, Mian Shahnawaz, Dr. Mufti Mahmud Sadiqui and Mr. Zulfikar Ali Khan.

The Council of the League passed the following resolutions:—

The meeting of the Council of the All-India Muslim League records its sense of disapproval of the continuance of the Civil Disobedience campaign at this juncture, inasmuch as it is fraught with danger to the best interests of the country, and therefore, it is of opinion that the Congress should call off the Civil Disobedience movement, and urges upon the Government to repeal and withdrawn all repressive measures and to meet the demand for amnesty with a view to creating a proper atmosphere for the Round Table Conference.

INADEQUATE AND UNSATISFACTORY.

The Council of the All-India Muslim League is of opinion that the scheme of constitutional advance recommended by the Simon Commission is most unsatisfactory and inadequate while recognising the endorsement by the Commission of the principle of Federal System of Government, the All-India Muslim League regrets that the Simon Committee's recommendations have fallen far short of the Muslim demand with regard to the system of electorates and other vital demands and that no constitution which does not satisfactorily meet those demands will be acceptable to the Muslims of India.

The Council of the All-India Muslim League emphatically invites the attention of Government to the existing serious situation in the North West Frontier Province which has been rendered further acute by differences on a vital issue between the two Judges of the Peshawar Enquiry Committee with regard to recent events and by most inadequate recommendations of the Simon Commission with regard to the reforms in that province and with a view to finding a way out of the present crisis, this Council recommends that Government should forthwith take proper steps in consultation with the leaders to restore tranquility and harmonious relations in the province and to avert similar happenings in the future.—A. P.

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CORDIAL RELATIONS BETWEEN TURKEY AND PERSIA.

—:o:—

Supply Of Arms Denied.

TEHERAN, July 13.

Mirza Jawad Khan has been appointed new minister at Egyptian Court.

The suggestion in Soviet and Turkish papers that Persia supplies, arms to rebels Khurds for fighting Turks is emphatically denied in the Persian papers. Local papers state that endeavours are being made to maintain cordial relations with Turkey and hope that Turkey will not be misled by baseless reports.—Reuter.

GENOA.—In the Davis Cup in the Final in the European Zone, Italy beat Japan by three matches to two.—Reuter.

SATYAGRAHA NEWS FROM ALL QUARTERS.

Bengal Congress Committee Twice Raided.

CALCUTTA, July 14.

The Bengal Provincial Congress Committe was twice raided yesterday by the Police who arrested the Officer-in-Charge and seized some Congress Bulletins.—Free Press.

ARRESTS IN LAHORE.

—:o:—

LAHORE, July 14.

Lala Achint Ram member of the Servants of the People Society, and Secretary of the Punjab Congress, Dr. Gurbax Rai, President, Boycott Committee, Khawja, Ghulam Mohamed Abdul Karim, Secretary, Mozang Congress, were arrested yesterday. Achint Ram was arrested under Section 17-b, Criminal Law Amendment Act, and Dr. Gusbar Rai, under Section 108 Cr. P. C. for picketing. Four Volunteers have been apprehended.—Free Press.

Pickets Arrested In Calcutta.

CALCUTTA, July 14.

About 65 volunteers including 25 ladies picketed yesterday the foreign cloth shops in Burrabazaar. The Police arrested only 20 male picketers.—Free Press.

AMRAOTI TO DEFY FOREST LAWS.

—:o:—

Satyagraha To Begin On July 17th.

(From A Correspondent.)

AMRAOTI, July 14.

The Berar Provincial War Council appointed a Committee of three persons with the War Council President as President, and two members from Amraoti for carrying on Satyagraha at Wadali Forest from 17th July. Volunteers from Waadali Camp will march towards the reserved forest area early in the morning. The Ambulance Department is entrusted to Orange Swastika Association, under Dr. Tembhe of Yeotmal.

Intense Picketing In Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, July 13.

Liquor shop picketing is getting intense day by day. The local Labour Union has undertaken the task of supplying volunteers. Inspite of the Ordinance, volunteers are being enlisted and picketing continued. From 25th June upto date, about 64 volunteers have been arrested out of which 48 have been sentenced. Every evening volunteers who have been enrolled are being lead in procession. It is understood that the Agents of the mills have undertaken to give full pay to all those labourers who have been sentenced.—Free Press.

Ahmed Sidick Arrested.

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AHMEDABAD, July 13.

Ordinance regarding unauthorised sheets have been put in force here. The Police raided last night the house of one Ahmed Haji Sidik, with a warrant from the city Magistrate and confiscated one duplicator machine and one ream of paper. Ahmed Sidick was publishing cyclostyled pamphlet entitled "Azad".—Free Press.

"Sardar's" Advice To Students.

AHMEDABAD, July 13.

Messrs. Vallabsbhai Patel and Jairamdas Doulatram pid a short visit to the Proprietory High School. It may be mentioned that the principals of this High School have been arrested. One of the Principals Mr. Balwantrai Thakore who led a batch of volunteers to Dharasna was sentenced to six months, while another Mr. Jivalal Divan who was also the Secretary of the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee has been arrested and awaiting his trial at Dhandhuka. Sjt. Vallabhbhai Patel, said that students must now learn to carry on without their Principals. Every Indian is destined either to go to jail or to receive bullets. He asked them to come out of schools, when everybody has been jailed. Sjt. Jairamdas said that a time will come when their schools will have to be held in jails.—Free Press.

CUTTING TODDY TREES IN KARNATAK.

Government's Revenue Income Dwindles.

DHARWAR, July 13.

The main programme carried on in Karnatak, during the last two months was cutting of toddy trees, which is going on vigorously. In Belgaum Dist., Government has lost over a third part of last year's income, from the toddy auction prices in the sales that took place last month for the year 1930-31. In Bijapur the income has dwindled from Rs. 140,000 to Rs 80,000. In North Kanara out of a total of 77 liquor shops in the district only 15 could be auctioned. The Collector announced his intention of giving to any bidder the two shops of Ankola, which used to bring thousands of rupees, for a nominal value of Rs. 100. But no one, in spite of police assistance, came forth to bid for even that sum.—Free Press.

6 Months' R. I. Each For Gurukula Graduates.

HARWDAR, July 10.

Mr. Chandra Dhar Dayal, District Magistrate yesterday pronounced sentence on Gurukula Graduates' Jatha, which was arrested on the 4th July, under the Salt Act. Each member of the Jatha was awarded sentence of 6 months R. I. in B. Class. The members of the Jatha persistently refused to give any information about their economic status. When requested by the members of the Bar. Pt. Bhimsen Vidyalankar, the captain of the Jatha, informed the court that they all were of the one and the same eqaul status, being the sons of the one and the same Mother—Gurukula. They have nothing to do with the economic status of their parents. The captain of the Jatha thanked the Magistrate in these terms: "I thank you on behalf of my Jatha, for honouring us by giving the certificate of conviction which means that our humble services at the feet of Mother India, were in reality of some use to her."

The members of Jatha were:—Pt. Bhim Sen, Pt. Dindayalu, Pt. Puran Chandra, Pt. Dharm Vir, Pt. Surendra Nath, Pt. Vasudeva, Pt. Veda Prakash, Vaidya Dharma Vir, and Pt. Jai Deva Yatri.

Pt. Deva Sharma Ji Vidyalankar, who was the dictator of liquor campaign at Jwalapur, was award ed a sentence of 1 year's simple imprisonment under section 108 of I. P. C.

DHANDUKA SATYAGRAHIS JAILED

DHANDHUKA, July 12.

The Police raided the Satyagraha camp on the 10th inst. and arrested the following members for urging people to boycott Government servants at Dholera. Messrs. Natwar Lal Manilal Mehta, of Ahmedabad batch, Ashabhai Purushottam Das of Ahmedabad batch, Kalyanji Angarhji, Ghelabhai Mayashankar Pandya and Dhanwantrai Beni Shankar. They were all sentenced to three months rigorous imprisonment by Mr. Isani of Dhandhuka; all of them were classed as C Class prisoners, except Mr. Natwarlal who was put in B Class.—A. P.

New Ordinance Applied To Simla.

LAHORE, July 13.

427 volunteers have been sent to jail upto July 13 in Lahore from June 16 when picketing was started.

The Governor-in-Council has applied Chapter One of Prevention of Intimidation Ordinance to the Municipal area of Simla.—A. P.

NO ADVT. WITH THE "TIMES OF INDIA."

—:o:—

Ahmedabad Municipality's Decision.

AHMEDABAD, July 13.

The Ahmedabad Municipality has passed resolution not to give any advertisement to the "Times of India." Mr. Manilal Shah, M.A., LL.B., has been elected vice-President of Ahmedabad Municipality vice Prof. Swaminarayan M. A. sentenced to six months for delivering a speech.—Free Press.

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